

ANNA UNIVERSITY, CHENNAI
NON - AUTONOMOUS COLLEGES AFFILIATED ANNA UNIVERSITY
MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS (2 YEARS)
REGULATIONS – 2021
CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

1. PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs):

Graduates will be able to:

- I. Apply their computing skills to analyse, design and develop innovative software products to meet the industry needs and excel as software professionals.
- II. Pursue lifelong learning and do research in the computing field based on solid technical foundations.
- III. Communicate and function effectively in teams in multidisciplinary fields within the global, societal and environmental context.
- IV. Exhibit professional integrity, ethics and an understanding of responsibility to contribute technical solutions for the sustainable development of society.

2. PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs) :

1. Able to select suitable data models, appropriate architecture, and platform to implement a system with good performance.
2. Able to design and integrate various system based components to provide user interactive solutions for various challenges.
3. Able to develop applications for real time environments using existing and upcoming technologies.

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I TO IV SEMESTERS CURRICULA AND SYLLABI
SEMESTER I

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	MA4151	Applied Probability and Statistics for Computer Science Engineers	FC	3	1	0	4	4
2.	RM4151	Research Methodology and IPR	RMC	2	0	0	2	2
3.	MC4101	Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	MC4102	Object Oriented Software Engineering	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
5.	MC4103	Python Programming	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
6.	MC4104	Fundamentals of Accounting	PCC	3	0	2	5	4
7.		Audit Course – I*	AC	2	0	0	2	0
PRACTICALS								
8.	MC4111	Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
9.	MC4112	Python Programming Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
10.	MC4113	Communication Skills Enhancement – I	EEC	0	0	2	2	1
TOTAL				19	1	12	32	24

*Audit course is optional

SEMESTER II

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	MC4201	Full Stack Web Development	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	MC4202	Advanced Database Technology	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
3.	MC4203	Cloud Computing Technologies	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
4.	MC4204	Mobile Application Development	PCC	3	0	2	5	4
5.	MC4205	Cyber Security	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
6.		Professional Elective I	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
7.		Audit Course – II*	AC	2	0	0	2	0
PRACTICALS								
8.	MC4211	Advanced Database Technology Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
9.	MC4212	Full Stack Web Development Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
10.	MC4213	Communication Skills Enhancement– II	EEC	0	0	2	2	1
TOTAL				20	0	12	32	24

*Audit course is optional

SEMESTER III

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
THEORY								
1.	MC4301	Machine Learning	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
2.	MC4302	Internet of Things	PCC	3	0	0	3	3
3.		Professional Elective II	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
4.		Professional Elective III	PEC	3	0	0	3	3
5.		Professional Elective IV	PEC	3	0	2	5	4
6.		Open Elective	OEC	3	0	0	3	3
PRACTICALS								
7.	MC4311	Machine Learning Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
8.	MC4312	Internet of Things Laboratory	PCC	0	0	4	4	2
TOTAL				18	0	10	28	23

SEMESTER IV

S. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	PERIODS PER WEEK			TOTAL CONTACT PERIODS	CREDITS
				L	T	P		
PRACTICALS								
1.	MC4411	Project Work	EEC	0	0	24	24	12
TOTAL				0	0	24	24	12

TOTAL NO. OF CREDITS: 83

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES

SEMESTER II, ELECTIVE I

S.No.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE - GORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	MC4001	Software Project Management	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
2.	MC4002	Professional Ethics in IT	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
3.	MC4003	E - Learning	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
4.	MC4004	Advances in Operating System	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
5.	MC4005	Information Retrieval Techniques	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
6.	MC4006	Soft Computing Techniques	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
7.	MC4007	Operations Research	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
8.	MC4008	Business Data Analytics	PEC	3	3	0	0	3

SEMESTER III, ELECTIVE II

S.No.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE- GORY	CONTA CT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	MC4009	DevOps and Microservices	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
2.	MC4010	Advances in Networking	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
3.	MC4011	Digital Image Processing	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
4.	MC4012	Social Network Analytics	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
5.	MC4013	Cryptocurrency and Blockchain Technologies	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
6.	MC4014	Bio Inspired learning	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
7.	MC4015	Digital Marketing	PEC	3	3	0	0	3

SEMESTER III, ELECTIVE III

S.No.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE- GORY	CONTA CT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	MC4016	Software Architecture	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
2.	MC4017	Digital Forensics	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
3.	MC4018	Wireless Networking	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
4.	MC4019	Data Visualization Techniques	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
5.	MC4020	Data Mining and Data Warehousing Techniques	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
6.	MC4021	Agile Methodologies	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
7.	MC4022	Organizational Behavior	PEC	3	3	0	0	3

SEMESTER III, ELECTIVE IV

S.No.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATE-GORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	MC4023	Web Design	PEC	5	3	0	2	4
2.	MC4024	C# and .NET	PEC	5	3	0	2	4
3.	MC4025	Big Data Mining and Analytics	PEC	5	3	0	2	4
4.	MC4026	Software Quality and Testing	PEC	5	3	0	2	4
5.	MC4027	Advanced Java Programming	PEC	5	3	0	2	4
6.	MC4028	Network Programming and Security	PEC	5	3	0	2	4

AUDIT COURSES (AC)

Registration for any of these courses is optional to students

SL. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	PERIODS PER WEEK			CREDITS
			L	T	P	
1.	AX4091	English for Research Paper Writing	2	0	0	0
2.	AX4092	Disaster Management	2	0	0	0
3.	AX4093	Constitution of India	2	0	0	0
4.	AX4094	நற்றமிழ் இலக்கியம்	2	0	0	0

BRIDGE COURSES

(For the M.C.A students admitted under non-computer-science background category)

SL. NO.	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
Classes are to be conducted and completed before the start of the class of first semester, Examinations will be conducted along with first semester							
1.	BX4001	Data Structures and Algorithms	5	3	0	2	4
2.	BX4002	Problem Solving and Programming in C	5	3	0	2	4
Classes are to be conducted and completed before the start of the class of second semester, Examinations will be conducted along with second semester							
3.	BX4003	Introduction to Computer Organization and Operating Systems	3	3	0	0	3
4.	BX4004	Database Management Systems	5	3	0	2	4
Classes are to be conducted and completed before the start of the class of third semester, Examinations will be conducted along with third semester							
5.	BX4005	Mathematical Foundations of Computer Science	3	3	0	0	3
6.	BX4006	Basics of Computer Networks	3	3	0	0	3

FOUNDATION COURSES (FC)

S. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	PERIODS PER WEEK			CREDITS	SEMESTER
			Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		
1.	MA4151	Applied Probability and Statistics for Computer Science Engineers	3	1	0	4	I

PROFESSIONAL CORE COURSES (PCC)

S. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	PERIODS PER WEEK			CREDITS	SEMESTER
			Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		
1.	MC4101	Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms	3	0	0	3	I
2.	MC4102	Object Oriented Software Engineering	3	0	0	3	I
3.	MC4103	Python Programming	3	0	0	3	I
4.	MC4104	Fundamentals of Accounting	3	0	2	4	I
5.	MC4111	Advanced Data Structures and Algorithms Laboratory	0	0	4	2	I
6.	MC4112	Python Programming Laboratory	0	0	4	2	I
7.	MC4113	Communication Skills Enhancement – I	0	0	2	1	I
8.	MC4201	Full Stack Web Development	3	0	0	3	I
9.	MC4202	Advanced Database Technology	3	0	0	3	
10.	MC4203	Cloud Computing Technologies	3	0	0	3	
11.	MC4204	Mobile Application Development	3	2	0	4	
12.	MC4205	Cyber Security	3	0	0	3	
13.	MC4211	Advanced Database Technology Laboratory	0	0	4	2	
14.	MC4212	Full Stack Web Development Laboratory	0	0	4	2	
15.	MC4213	Communication Skills Enhancement– II	0	0	2	1	
16.	MC4301	Machine Learning	3	0	0	3	
17.	MC4302	Internet of Things	3	0	0	3	
18.	MC4311	Machine Learning Laboratory	0	0	4	2	
19.	MC4312	Internet of Things Laboratory	0	0	4	2	
TOTAL CREDITS							

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND IPR COURSES (RMC)

S. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	PERIODS PER WEEK			CREDITS	SEMESTER
			Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		
1.	RM4151	Research Methodology and IPR	2	0	0	2	1
TOTAL CREDITS						2	

EMPLOYABILITY ENHANCEMENT COURSES (EEC)

S. NO	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	PERIODS PER WEEK			CREDITS	SEMESTER
			Lecture	Tutorial	Practical		
1.	MC4211	Term Paper and seminar	0	0	2	1	III
2.	MC 4311	Project Work I	0	0	12	6	III
3.	MC 4411	Project Work II	0	0	24	12	IV
TOTAL CREDITS							

SUMMARY

Sl. No.	Name of the Programme: M.CA						CREDITS TOTAL
	SUBJECT AREA	CREDITS PER SEMESTER					
		I	II	III	IV		
1.	FC	04	00	00	00	04	
2.	PCC	18	21	10	00	49	
3.	PEC	00	03	10	00	13	
4.	RMC	02	00	00	00	02	
5.	OEC	00	00	03	00	03	
6.	EEC	00	00	00	12	12	
7.	Non Credit/Audit Course	✓	✓	00	00		
8.	TOTAL CREDIT	24	24	23	12	83	

REFERENCES:

1. Dallas E Johnson, "Applied multivariate methods for data Analysis", Thomson and Duxbury press, Singapore, 1998.
2. Richard A. Johnson and Dean W. Wichern, "Applied multivariate statistical Analysis", Pearson Education, Fifth Edition, 6th Edition, New Delhi, 2013.
3. Bronson, R., "Matrix Operation" Schaum's outline series, Tata McGraw Hill, New York, 2011.
4. Oliver C. Ibe, "Fundamentals of Applied probability and Random Processes", Academic Press, Boston, 2014.
5. Johnson R. A. and Gupta C.B., "Miller and Freund's Probability and Statistics for Engineers", Pearson India Education, Asia, 9th Edition, New Delhi, 2017.

RM4151	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND IPR	L T P C
		2 0 0 2
UNIT I	RESEARCH DESIGN	6
Overview of research process and design, Use of Secondary and exploratory data to answer the research question, Qualitative research, Observation studies, Experiments and Surveys.		
UNIT II	DATA COLLECTION AND SOURCES	6
Measurements, Measurement Scales, Questionnaires and Instruments, Sampling and methods. Data - Preparing, Exploring, examining and displaying.		
UNIT III	DATA ANALYSIS AND REPORTING	6
Overview of Multivariate analysis, Hypotheses testing and Measures of Association. Presenting Insights and findings using written reports and oral presentation.		
UNIT IV	INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS	6
Intellectual Property – The concept of IPR, Evolution and development of concept of IPR, IPR development process, Trade secrets, utility Models, IPR & Biodiversity, Role of WIPO and WTO in IPR establishments, Right of Property, Common rules of IPR practices, Types and Features of IPR Agreement, Trademark, Functions of UNESCO in IPR maintenance.		
UNIT V	PATENTS	6
Patents – objectives and benefits of patent, Concept, features of patent, Inventive step, Specification, Types of patent application, process E-filing, Examination of patent, Grant of patent, Revocation, Equitable Assignments, Licences, Licensing of related patents, patent agents, Registration of patent agents.		
		TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. Cooper Donald R, Schindler Pamela S and Sharma JK, "Business Research Methods", Tata McGraw Hill Education, 11e (2012).
2. Catherine J. Holland, "Intellectual property: Patents, Trademarks, Copyrights, Trade Secrets", Entrepreneur Press, 2007.
3. David Hunt, Long Nguyen, Matthew Rodgers, "Patent searching: tools & techniques", Wiley, 2007.
4. The Institute of Company Secretaries of India, Statutory body under an Act of parliament, "Professional Programme Intellectual Property Rights, Law and practice", September 2013.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the usage of algorithms in computing
- To learn and use hierarchical data structures and its operations
- To learn the usage of graphs and its applications
- To select and design data structures and algorithms that is appropriate for problems
- To study about NP Completeness of problems.

UNIT I ROLE OF ALGORITHMS IN COMPUTING & COMPLEXITY ANALYSIS 9

Algorithms – Algorithms as a Technology -Time and Space complexity of algorithms- Asymptotic analysis-Average and worst-case analysis-Asymptotic notation-Importance of efficient algorithms- Program performance measurement - Recurrences: The Substitution Method – The Recursion-Tree Method- Data structures and algorithms.

UNIT II HIERARCHICAL DATA STRUCTURES 9

Binary Search Trees: Basics – Querying a Binary search tree – Insertion and Deletion- Red Black trees: Properties of Red-Black Trees – Rotations – Insertion – Deletion -B-Trees: Definition of B - trees – Basic operations on B-Trees – Deleting a key from a B-Tree- Heap – Heap Implementation – Disjoint Sets - Fibonacci Heaps: structure – Mergeable-heap operations- Decreasing a key and deleting a node-Bounding the maximum degree.

UNIT III GRAPHS 9

Elementary Graph Algorithms: Representations of Graphs – Breadth-First Search – Depth-First Search – Topological Sort – Strongly Connected Components- Minimum Spanning Trees: Growing a Minimum Spanning Tree – Kruskal and Prim- Single-Source Shortest Paths: The Bellman-Ford algorithm – Single-Source Shortest paths in Directed Acyclic Graphs – Dijkstra's Algorithm; Dynamic Programming - All-Pairs Shortest Paths: Shortest Paths and Matrix Multiplication – The Floyd-Warshall Algorithm

UNIT IV ALGORITHM DESIGN TECHNIQUES 9

Dynamic Programming: Matrix-Chain Multiplication – Elements of Dynamic Programming – Longest Common Subsequence- Greedy Algorithms: – Elements of the Greedy Strategy- An Activity-Selection Problem - Huffman Coding.

UNIT V NP COMPLETE AND NP HARD 9

NP-Completeness: Polynomial Time – Polynomial-Time Verification – NP- Completeness and Reducibility – NP-Completeness Proofs – NP-Complete Problems.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:**

1. Write an algorithm for Towers of Hanoi problem using recursion and analyze the complexity (No of disc-4)
2. Write any one real time application of hierarchical data structure
3. Write a program to implement Make_Set, Find_Set and Union functions for Disjoint Set Data Structure for a given undirected graph $G(V,E)$ using the linked list representation with simple implementation of Union operation
4. Find the minimum cost to reach last cell of the matrix from its first cell
5. Discuss about any NP completeness problem

COURSE OUTCOMES:**CO1:**Design data structures and algorithms to solve computing problems.**CO2:**Choose and implement efficient data structures and apply them to solve problems.**CO3:**Design algorithms using graph structure and various string-matching algorithms to solve real-life problems.**CO4:** Design one's own algorithm for an unknown problem.**CO5:** Apply suitable design strategy for problem solving.**REFERENCES**

1. S.Sridhar," Design and Analysis of Algorithms", Oxford University Press, 1st Edition, 2014.
2. Adam Drozdex, "Data Structures and Algorithms in C++", Cengage Learning, 4th Edition, 2013.
3. T.H. Cormen, C.E.Leiserson, R.L. Rivest and C.Stein, "Introduction to Algorithms", Prentice Hall of India, 3rd Edition, 2012.
4. Mark Allen Weiss, "Data Structures and Algorithms in C++", Pearson Education, 3rd Edition, 2009.
5. E. Horowitz, S. Sahni and S. Rajasekaran, "Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms", University Press, 2nd Edition, 2008.
6. Alfred V. Aho, John E. Hopcroft, Jeffrey D. Ullman, "Data Structures and Algorithms", Pearson Education, Reprint 2006.

MC4102**OBJECT ORIENTED SOFTWARE ENGINEERING****L T P C
3 0 0 3****COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand the phases in object oriented software development
- To gain fundamental concepts of requirements engineering and analysis.
- To know about the different approach for object oriented design and its methods
- To learn about how to perform object oriented testing and how to maintain software
- To provide various quality metrics and to ensure risk management.

UNIT I SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT AND PROCESS MODELS 9

Introduction to Software Development – Challenges – An Engineering Perspective – Object Orientation – Software Development Process – Iterative Development Process – Process Models – Life Cycle Models – Unified Process – Iterative and Incremental – Agile Processes.

UNIT II MODELING OO SYSTEMS 9

Object Oriented Analysis (OOA / Coad-Yourdon), Object Oriented Design (OOD/Booch), Hierarchical Object Oriented Design (HOOD), Object Modeling Technique (OMT) – Requirement Elicitation – Use Cases – SRS Document – OOA - Identification of Classes and Relationships, Identifying State and Behavior – OOD - Interaction Diagrams – Sequence Diagram – Collaboration Diagrams - Unified Modeling Language and Tools.

UNIT III DESIGN PATTERNS 9

Design Principles – Design Patterns – GRASP – GoF – Dynamic Object Modeling – Static Object Modeling.

UNIT IV SYSTEM TESTING

9

Software testing: Software Verification Techniques – Object Oriented Checklist :- Functional Testing – Structural Testing – Class Testing – Mutation Testing – Levels of Testing – Static and Dynamic Testing Tools - Software Maintenance – Categories – Challenges of Software Maintenance – Maintenance of Object Oriented Software – Regression Testing

UNIT V SOFTWARE QUALITY AND METRICS

9

Need of Object Oriented Software Estimation – Lorenz and Kidd Estimation – Use Case Points Method – Class Point Method – Object Oriented Function Point – Risk Management – Software Quality Models – Analyzing the Metric Data – Metrics for Measuring Size and Structure – Measuring Software Quality - Object Oriented Metrics

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. Discuss the different phases in any domain like Health Monitoring System using extreme programming
2. Describe Business Requirement Specification (BRS) and SRS (Software Requirement Specification) for any Project like Automatic Intelligent Plant Watering System .using any one of requirement analysis tool
3. Identify the classes , relationship between classes and draw standard UML diagrams using any one UML modeling tool (eg: ArgoUML that supports UML 1.4 and higher)
4. for a system (eg: Conference Management System, student management system)
5. Test the above UML for all the scenarios identified using Selenium /JUnit / Apache JMeter
6. Perform COCOMO estimation for Book Management System to find effort and development time considering all necessary cost estimation factors. (Use GanttPRO Software for estimation)

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course the student would be able to :

CO1: Design object oriented software using appropriate process models.

CO2: Differentiate software processes under waterfall and agile methodology.

CO3: Design and Develop UML diagrams for software projects.

CO4: Apply Design Patterns for a software process.

CO5: Categorize testing methods and compare different testing tools for software processes.

CO6: Analyze object oriented metrics and quality for software engineering processes.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. Yogesh Singh, RuchikaMalhotra, “ Object – Oriented Software Engineering”, PHI Learning Private Limited ,First edition,2012
2. Ivar Jacobson. Magnus Christerson, PatrikJonsson, Gunnar Overgaard, “Object Oriented Software Engineering, A Use Case Driven Approach”, Pearson Education, Seventh Impression, 2009
3. Craig Larman, “Applying UML and Patterns, an Introduction to Object-Oriented Analysis and Design and Iterative Development”, Pearson Education, Third Edition, 2008.
4. Grady Booch, Robert A. Maksimchuk, Michael W. Engle, Bobbi J. Young, Jim Conallen, Kelli A. Houston, “Object Oriented Analysis & Design with Applications, Third Edition, Pearson Education,2010
5. Roger S. Pressman, “Software Engineering: A Practitioner’s Approach, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 8th Edition, 2015

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To develop Python programs with conditionals, loops and functions.
- To use Python data structures – lists, tuples, dictionaries.
- To do input/output with files in Python
- To use modules, packages and frameworks in python
- To define a class with attributes and methods in python

UNIT I BASICS OF PYTHON 9

Introduction to Python Programming – Python Interpreter and Interactive Mode– Variables and Identifiers – Arithmetic Operators – Values and Types – Statements. Operators – Boolean Values – Operator Precedence – Expression – Conditionals: If-Else Constructs – Loop Structures/Iterative Statements – While Loop – For Loop – Break Statement-Continue statement – Function Call and Returning Values – Parameter Passing – Local and Global Scope – Recursive Functions

UNIT II DATA TYPES IN PYTHON 9

Lists, Tuples, Sets, Strings, Dictionary, Modules: Module Loading and Execution – Packages – Making Your Own Module – The Python Standard Libraries.

UNIT III FILE HANDLING AND EXCEPTION HANDLING 8

Files: Introduction – File Path – Opening and Closing Files – Reading and Writing Files –File Position –Exception: Errors and Exceptions, Exception Handling, Multiple Exceptions

UNIT IV MODULES, PACKAGES AND FRAMEWORKS 10

Modules: Introduction – Module Loading and Execution – Packages – Making Your Own Module – The Python Libraries for data processing, data mining and visualization- NUMPY, Pandas, Matplotlib, Plotly-Frameworks- -Django, Flask, Web2Py

UNIT V OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING IN PYTHON 9

Creating a Class, Class methods, Class Inheritance, Encapsulation, Polymorphism, class method vs. static methods, Python object persistence.

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. Display a multiplication Table Both players are given the same string, S ; Both players have to make substrings using the letters of the string S.
2. Player A has to make words starting with consonants. Player B has to make words starting with vowels. The game ends when both players have made all possible substrings. Do Scoring
3. Write a function definition for JTOI() in Python that would display the corrected version of entire content of the file .TXT (has wrongly alphabet J in place of alphabet I) with all the alphabets "J" to be displayed as an alphabet "I" on screen.
4. Consider a CSV file of profit of 10 items in monthly sales of a year . Read this file using Pandas or NumPy or using the in-built matplotlib function. Perform the following task.
5. Read Total profit of all months and show it using a line plot
Read all product sales data and show it using a multi-line plot
Read each item sales data of each month and show it using a scatter plot
Read each item product sales data and show it using the bar chart
Read sales data of bathing soap of all months and show it using a bar chart.
Calculate total sale data an year for each product and show it using a Pie chart

6. Create a Python class called Bank Account which represents a bank account, having as attributes: account Number (numeric type), name (name of the account owner as string type), balance. Create a constructor with parameters: account Number, name, balance. Create a Deposit() method which manages the deposit actions. Create a Withdrawal() method which manages withdrawals actions

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course the student would be able to :

CO1: Develop algorithmic solutions to simple computational problems

CO2: Represent compound data using Python lists, tuples and dictionaries.

CO3: Read and write data from/to files in Python Programs

CO4: Structure simple Python programs using libraries, modules etc.

CO5: Structure a program by bundling related properties and behaviors into individual objects.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Reema Thareja, "Python Programming using Problem Solving Approach", Oxford University Press, First edition, 2017
2. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist", Second Edition, Shroff, O'Reilly Publishers, 2016 (<http://greenteapress.com/wp/thinkpython/>)
3. Guido van Rossum, Fred L. Drake Jr., "An Introduction to Python – Revised and Updated for Python 3.2, Network Theory Ltd., First edition, 2011
4. John V Guttag, "Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python", Revised and Expanded Edition, MIT Press, 2013
5. Charles Dierbach, "Introduction to Computer Science using Python", Wiley India Edition, First Edition, 2016

MC4104

FUNDAMENTALS OF ACCOUNTING

L T P C
3 0 2 4

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basic principles of Accounting
- To understand the Double entry system and the preparation of ledger.
- To understand the process and importance of the electronic accounting system.
- To Prepare the estimate for various business activities such as purchase, sale, production and cash budgets
- To ensure the decision making process of an organization.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO ACCOUNTING

15

Introduction to Financial, Cost and Management Accounting - Objectives of Financial Accounting – Accounting Principles, Concepts and Conventions – Bookkeeping and Accounting

Practical exercise session using Tally:

1. Company Creation, Creating Groups
2. Creation of Ledgers and Vouchers

UNIT II MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING AND BOOKKEEPING

15

Meaning-Objectives of Management Accounting-Accounting System – Preparation of Journal, Ledger, Cash Book and Trial Balance – Errors disclosed and not disclosed by Trial Balance –Final Accounts - Ratio Analysis

Practical exercise session using Tally.:

1. Creating Contra, Journals, Credit and Debit Notes
2. Preparing Trial Balance and Final Accounts

UNIT III BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

15

Budgets and Budgetary Control-Meaning-Types-Sales Budget-Production Budget-Cost of Production Budget-Flexible Budgeting-Cash Budget-Master Budget-Zero Base Budgeting-Computerized Accounting – with adjustments

Practical sessions using Advanced tools in MS-Excel:

1. Preparing Revenue Management and Portfolio Selection
2. Preparing Final Accounts with Adjustments

UNIT IV FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

15

Objectives of Financial Management- preparation of Suspense Account – Depreciation – Meaning and Types – Methods of Charging and Providing depreciation – Inventory

Practical exercise session using Tally.:

1. Preparing Inventory Creation, Purchase order, Sales Order
2. Preparing Sales Journal, Rejections, Delivery Note.

UNIT V BANK RECONCILIATION STATEMENT AND REPORTING

15

Preparing Bank Reconciliation Statement (simple problems) – Insurance Claim – Average Clause - Export and Import of Data, Data Security,

Practical exercise session using Tally.:

1. Preparing the Bank Reconciliation Statement
2. Preparing the Trading, Profit And Loss Account and Trial Balance

TOTAL : 75 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course the student would be able to :

- CO1.** Able to understand the basic concepts of Accounting standards.
- CO2.** Able to understand the process of maintaining Accounts in an organization
- CO3.** Helps to understand and calculating the financial position of an organization
- CO4.** Helps to understand Financial Management concepts and its components
- CO5.** It helps to understand the importance of BRS and generation of various financial reports

REFERENCES:

1. S.N.Maheswari, "Financial and Management Accounting", Sultan Chand & Sons, 5 edition,2010
2. I.M.Pandey, "Financial Management", Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 9th Edition, 2009.
3. M.Y.Khan and P.K.Jain, "Financial Management , Text, Problems and Cases", Tata McGraw Hill, 5th Edition, 2008.
4. Reddy and Murthy, Financial Accounting by Margham Publications, 2015,Chennai
5. I.M.Pandey, "Management Accounting", Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 3rd Edition, 2009
6. Advanced Accounting, R.L.Gupta and P.K.Gupta, Advanced Accounting, Sultan Chand, New Delhi.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To acquire the knowledge of using advanced tree structures
- To learn the usage of heap structures
- To understand the usage of graph structures and spanning trees
- To understand the problems such as matrix chain multiplication, activity selection and Huffman coding
- To understand the necessary mathematical abstraction to solve problems.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

- 1: Implementation of recursive function for tree traversal and Fibonacci
- 2: Implementation of iteration function for tree traversal and Fibonacci
- 3: Implementation of Merge Sort and Quick Sort
- 4: Implementation of a Binary Search Tree
- 5: Red-Black Tree Implementation
- 6: Heap Implementation
- 7: Fibonacci Heap Implementation
- 8: Graph Traversals
- 9: Spanning Tree Implementation
- 10: Shortest Path Algorithms (Dijkstra's algorithm, Bellman Ford Algorithm)
- 11: Implementation of Matrix Chain Multiplication
- 12: Activity Selection and Huffman Coding Implementation

HARDWARE/SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS

- 1: 64-bit Open source Linux or its derivative
- 2: Open Source C++ Programming tool like G++/GCC

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

- CO1:** Design and implement basic and advanced data structures extensively
- CO2:** Design algorithms using graph structures
- CO3:** Design and develop efficient algorithms with minimum complexity using design techniques
- CO4:** Develop programs using various algorithms.
- CO5:** Choose appropriate data structures and algorithms, understand the ADT/libraries, and use it to design algorithms for a specific problem.

REFERENCES:

1. Lipschutz Seymour, "Data Structures Schaum's Outlines Series", Tata McGraw Hill, 3rd Edition, 2014.
2. Alfred V. Aho, John E. Hopcroft, Jeffrey D. Ullman, "Data Structures and Algorithms", Pearson Education, Reprint 2006.
3. <http://www.coursera.org/specializations/data-structures-algorithms>
4. http://www.tutorialspoint.com/data_structures_algorithms
5. <http://www.geeksforgeeks.org/data-structures/>

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Develop Python programs with conditionals, loops and functions
- Represent compound data using Python lists, tuples, dictionaries
- Read and write data from/to files in Python
- Implement NumPy, Pandas, Matplotlib libraries
- Implement object oriented concepts

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

Note: The examples suggested in each experiment are only indicative. The lab instructor is expected to design other problems on similar lines.

1. Python programming using simple statements and expressions (exchange the values of two variables, circulate the values of n variables, distance between two points).
2. Scientific problems using Conditionals and Iterative loops.
3. Linear search and Binary search
4. Selection sort, Insertion sort
5. Merge sort, Quick Sort
6. Implementing applications using Lists, Tuples.
7. Implementing applications using Sets, Dictionaries.
8. Implementing programs using Functions.
9. Implementing programs using Strings.
10. Implementing programs using written modules and Python Standard Libraries (pandas, numpy, Matplotlib, scipy)
11. Implementing real-time/technical applications using File handling.
12. Implementing real-time/technical applications using Exception handling.
13. Creating and Instantiating classes

HARDWARE/SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS

- 1: Processors: Intel Atom® processor Intel®Core™i3 processor
- 2: Disk space: 1GB.
- 3: Operating systems: Windows 7, macOS and Linux
- 4: Python versions: 2.7, 3.6, 3.8

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

On completion of the laboratory course, the student should be able to

- CO1:** Apply the Python language syntax including control statements, loops and functions to solve a wide variety of problems in mathematics and science.
- CO2:** Use the core data structures like lists, dictionaries, tuples and sets in Python to store, process and sort the data
- CO3:** Create files and perform read and write operations
- CO4:** Illustrate the application of python libraries.
- CO5:** Handle exceptions and create classes and objects for any real time applications

REFERENCES:

1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist", Second Edition, Updated for Python 3, Shroff/O'Reilly Publishers, 2016.
2. Shroff "Learning Python: Powerful Object-Oriented Programming; Fifth edition, 2013.
3. David M. Beazley "Python Essential Reference". Addison-Wesley Professional; Fourth edition, 2009.
4. David M. Baezly "Python Cookbook" O'Reilly Media; Third edition (June 1, 2013).
5. <http://www.edx.org/>

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To provide opportunities to learners to practice English and thereby make them proficient users of the language.
- To enable learners to fine-tune their linguistic skills (LSRW) with the help of technology.
- To improve the performance of students' listening, speaking, reading and writing skills and thereby enhance their career opportunities.

LIST OF ACTIVITIES:

1. Listening:
 - Listening and practicing neutral accents
 - Listening to short talks and lectures and completing listening comprehension exercises
 - Listening to TED Talks
2. Speaking:
 - Giving one minute talks
 - Participating in small Group Discussions
 - Making Presentations
3. Reading:
 - Reading Comprehension
 - Reading subject specific material
 - Technical Vocabulary
4. Writing:
 - Formal vs Informal Writing
 - Paragraph Writing
 - Essay Writing
 - Email Writing

REFERENCES / MANUALS / SOFTWARE: Open Sources / websites

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Listen and comprehend lectures in English
- Articulate well and give presentations clearly
- Participate in Group Discussions successfully
- Communicate effectively in formal and informal writing
- Write proficient essays and emails

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the fundamentals of web programming and client side scripting.
- To learn server side development using NodeJS.
- To understand API development with Express Framework.
- To understand and architect databases using NoSQL and SQL databases.
- To learn the advanced client side scripting and ReactJS framework

UNIT I	INTRODUCTION TO CSS and JAVASCRIPT	9
Introduction to Web: Server - Client - Communication Protocol (HTTP) – Structure of HTML Documents – Basic Markup tags – Working with Text and Images with CSS– CSS Selectors – CSS Flexbox - JavaScript: Data Types and Variables - Functions - Events – AJAX: GET and POST		
UNIT II	SERVER SIDE PROGRAMMING WITH NODE JS	9
Introduction to Web Servers – Javascript in the Desktop with NodeJS – NPM – Serving files with the http module – Introduction to the Express framework – Server-side rendering with Templating Engines – Static Files - async/await - Fetching JSON from Express		
UNIT III	ADVANCED NODE JS AND DATABASE	9
Introduction to NoSQL databases – MongoDB system overview - Basic querying with MongoDB shell – Request body parsing in Express – NodeJS MongoDB connection – Adding and retrieving data to MongoDB from NodeJS – Handling SQL databases from NodeJS – Handling Cookies in NodeJS – Handling User Authentication with NodeJS		
UNIT IV	ADVANCED CLIENT SIDE PROGRAMMING	9
React JS: ReactDOM - JSX - Components - Properties – Fetch API - State and Lifecycle - -JS Localstorage - Events - Lifting State Up - Composition and Inheritance		
UNIT V	APP IMPLEMENTATION IN CLOUD	9
Cloud providers Overview – Virtual Private Cloud – Scaling (Horizontal and Vertical) – Virtual Machines, Ethernet and Switches – Docker Container – Kubernetes		

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. Build an online MCQ quiz app. The questions and options should be fetched based on the chosen topic from a NodeJS server. The questions can be stored in a JSON file in the backend. Once the user has answered the questions, the frontend must send the chosen options to the backend and the backend must identify the right answers and send the score back to the front end. The frontend must display the score in a separate neatly designed page.
2. Build a blog website where you can add blog posts through a simple admin panel and the users can view the blog posts. The contents of the blog posts can be stored in either MongoDB or MySQL database. The home page should contain the titles of the blog post and the full post can be viewed by clicking the title. Frontend can be built either using React or through template engines served by the NodeJS server.
3. Take any ecommerce or social media website/app. Analyze what the API endpoints would have been used for and how the frontend interacts with the backend. The networks tab in the browser's developer tools can be used if required.
4. Architect an entire database structure for an E-Commerce application for MongoDB. Discuss how the database would have been structured if you were using a SQL database.
5. Build a simple calculator app with React. The user should be able to add numbers and operations to the app by clicking on buttons, just like you would do in a mobile phone. The moment the operation and the two operations are defined, the answer should be displayed

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course the students should be able to:

CO1: Write client side scripting HTML, CSS and JS.

CO2: Implement and architect the server side of the web application.

CO3: Implement Web Application using NodeJS.

CO4: Architect NoSQL databases with MongoDB.

CO5: Implement a full-stack Single Page Application using React, NodeJS and MongoDB and deploy on Cloud.

REFERENCES

1. David Flanagan, "Java Script: The Definitive Guide", O'Reilly Media, Inc, 7th Edition, 2020
2. Matt Frisbie, "Professional JavaScript for Web Developers", Wiley Publishing, Inc, 4th Edition, ISBN: 978-1-119-36656-0, 2019
3. Alex Banks, Eve Porcello, "Learning React", O'Reilly Media, Inc, 2nd Edition, 2020
4. Marc Wandschneider, "Learning Node", Addison-Wesley Professional, 2nd Edition, 2016
5. Joe Beda, Kelsey Hightower, Brendan Burns, "Kubernetes: Up and Running", O'Reilly Media, 1st edition, 2017
6. Paul Zikopoulos, Christopher Bienko, Chris Backer, Chris Konarski, Sai Vennam, "Cloud Without Compromise", O'Reilly Media, 1st edition, 2021

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO 1	√	√	√		√								√	
CO 2	√	√	√										√	
CO 3	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	c	√	√	√		√	√
CO 4	√	√	√	√			√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
CO 5	√	√	√	√	√	√	√					√	√	√

MC4202

ADVANCED DATABASE TECHNOLOGY

L T P C

3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the working principles and query processing of distributed databases.
- To understand the basics of spatial, temporal and mobile databases and their applications.
- To distinguish the different types of NoSQL databases.
- To understand the basics of XML and create well-formed and valid XML documents.
- To gain knowledge about information retrieval and web search.

UNIT I DISTRIBUTED DATABASES

9

Distributed Systems – Introduction – Architecture – Distributed Database Concepts – Distributed Data Storage – Distributed Transactions – Commit Protocols – Concurrency Control – Distributed Query Processing

UNIT II SPATIAL AND TEMPORAL DATABASES

9

Active Databases Model – Design and Implementation Issues - Temporal Databases - Temporal Querying - Spatial Databases: Spatial Data Types, Spatial Operators and Queries – Spatial Indexing and Mining – Applications – Mobile Databases: Location and Handoff Management, Mobile Transaction Models – Deductive Databases - Multimedia Databases.

UNIT III NOSQL DATABASES 9

NoSQL – CAP Theorem – Sharding - Document based – MongoDB Operation: Insert, Update, Delete, Query, Indexing, Application, Replication, Sharding–Cassandra: Data Model, Key Space, Table Operations, CRUD Operations, CQL Types – HIVE: Data types, Database Operations, Partitioning – HiveQL – OrientDB Graph database – OrientDB Features

UNIT IV XML DATABASES 9

Structured, Semi structured, and Unstructured Data – XML Hierarchical Data Model – XML Documents – Document Type Definition – XML Schema – XML Documents and Databases – XML Querying – XPath – XQuery

UNIT V INFORMATION RETRIEVAL AND WEB SEARCH 9

IR concepts – Retrieval Models – Queries in IR system – Text Preprocessing – Inverted Indexing – Evaluation Measures – Web Search and Analytics – Current trends.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

Suggested Activities:

1. Create a distributed database for any application (ex. book store) and access it using PHP and Python
2. Create spatial database of any place and perform query operations
3. Creating Databases and writing simple queries using MongoDB, DynamoDB, Voldemort Key-Value Distributed Data Store Hbase and Neo4j.
4. Creating XML Documents, Document Type Definition and XML Schema for any e-commerce website and perform XML Querying
5. Perform sentiment analysis for any web document using text preprocessing techniques

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Design a distributed database system and execute distributed queries.

CO2: Manage Spatial and Temporal Database systems and implement it in corresponding applications.

CO3: Use NoSQL database systems and manipulate the data associated with it.

CO4: Design XML database systems and validate with XML schema.

CO5: Apply knowledge of information retrieval concepts on web databases.

REFERENCES:

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F Korth, S. Sudharshan, “Database System Concepts”, Seventh Edition, McGraw Hill, 2019.
2. R. Elmasri, S.B. Navathe, “Fundamentals of Database Systems”, Seventh Edition, Pearson Education/Addison Wesley, 2017.
3. Guy Harrison, “Next Generation Databases, NoSQL, NewSQL and Big Data”, First Edition, Apress publishers, 2015
4. Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber, Jian Pei, “Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques”, Third Edition, Morgan Kaufmann, 2012.
5. Brad Dayley, “Teach Yourself NoSQL with MongoDB in 24 Hours”, Sams Publishing, First Edition, 2014.
6. C. J. Date, A. Kannan, S. Swamynathan, “An Introduction to Database Systems”, Eighth Edition, Pearson Education, 2006

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to

CO1: Use Distributed systems in Cloud Environment.

CO2: Articulate the main concepts, key technologies, strengths and limitations of Cloud computing.

CO3: Identify the Architecture, Infrastructure and delivery models of Cloud computing.

CO4: Install, choose and use the appropriate current technology for the implementation of Cloud.

CO5: Adopt Microservices and DevOps in Cloud environments.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Kai Hwang, Geoffrey C. Fox & Jack J.Dongarra, "Distributed and Cloud Computing, From Parallel Processing to the Internet of Things", Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, First Edition, 2012
2. Andrew S. Tanenbaum & Maarten Van Steen, "Distributed Systems - Principles and Paradigms", Third Edition, Pearson, 2017.
3. Thomas Erl, Zaigham Mahood & Ricardo Puttini, "Cloud Computing, Concept, Technology & Architecture", Prentice Hall, Second Edition, 2013.
4. Richard Rodger, "The Tao of Microservices", ISBN 9781617293146, Manning Publications, First Edition, December 2017.
5. Magnus Larsson, "Hands-On Microservices with Spring Boot and Spring Cloud: Build and deploy microservices using spring cloud, Istio and kubernetes", Packt Publishing Ltd, First Edition, September 2019.
6. Jim Lewis, "DEVOPS: A complete beginner's guide to DevOps best practices", ISBN-13:978-1673259148, ISBN-10: 1673259146, First Edition, 2019

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO 1	√	√	√					√			√	√	√	
CO 2	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√		√		
CO 3	√		√		√	√		√	√	√	√	√	√	
CO 4	√			√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	
CO 5	√	√			√	√		√			√	√	√	√

MC4204

MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT

L T P C

3 0 2 4

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the need and characteristics of mobile applications.
- To design the right user interface for mobile applications.
- To understand the design issues in the development of mobile applications.
- To understand the development procedure for mobile applications.
- To develop mobile applications using various tools and platforms.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 15

Mobile Application Model – Infrastructure and Managing Resources – Mobile Device Profiles – Frameworks and Tools

- Installation of necessary components and software

UNIT II USER INTERFACE 15

Generic UI Development - Multimodal and Multichannel UI –Gesture Based UI – Screen Elements and Layouts – Voice XML.

Lab Component:

- Implement mobile applications using UI toolkits and frameworks.
- Design an application that uses Layout Managers and event listeners.

UNIT III APPLICATION DESIGN 15

Memory Management – Design Patterns for Limited Memory – Workflow for Application development – Java API – Dynamic Linking – Plugins and rule of thumb for using DLLs – Multithreading in Java - Concurrency and Resource Management.

Lab Component:

- Design a mobile application that is aware of the resource constraints of mobile devices.
- Design an application that uses Dynamic Linking

UNIT IV MOBILE OS 15

Mobile OS: Android, iOS – Android Application Architecture – Understanding the anatomy of a mobile application - Android basic components –Intents and Services – Storing and Retrieving data – Packaging and Deployment – Security and Hacking.

Lab Component:

- Develop an application that makes use of mobile database
- Implement an android application that writes data into the SD card.

UNIT V APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT 15

Communication via the Web – Notification and Alarms – Graphics and Multimedia: Layer Animation, Event handling and Graphics services – Telephony – Location based services

Lab Component:

- Develop a web based mobile application that accesses internet and location data.
- Develop an android application using telephony to send SMS.

TOTAL:75 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the student will be able to

- CO1:** Understand the basics of mobile application development frameworks and tools.
- CO2:** Develop a UI for mobile applications.
- CO3:** Design mobile applications that manage memory dynamically.
- CO4:** Build applications based on mobile OS like Android, iOS.
- CO5:** Build location based services.

SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS

1. JDK, ECLIPSE IDE / equivalent, ANDROID STUDIO

REFERENCES

1. Reto Meier, Ian Lake, "Professional Android", 4th Edition, Wrox, 2018.
2. Zigurd Mednieks, Laird Domin, G. Blake Meike, Masumi Nakamura, "Programming Android", O'Reilly, 2nd Edition, 2012.
3. Alasdair Allan, "Learning iOS Programming", O'Reilly, Third Edition, 2013.
4. Bill Phillips, Chris Stewart, Brian Hardy, and Kristin Marsicano, Android Programming: The Big Nerd Ranch Guide, 4th edition, 2019.
5. Christian Keur, Aaron Hillegass, iOS Programming: The Big Nerd Ranch Guide, 6th Edition, O'Reilly, 2016.
6. Barry Burd, "Android Application Development All-In-One for Dummies", 3rd Edition, 2021.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO 2	PSO3
CO 1		√			√	√			√		√		√	
CO 2	√	√	√		√				√	√	√		√	
CO 3	√	√		√							√	√	√	
CO 4	√	√	√	√							√	√		√
CO 5		√	√	√		√	√	√	√		√	√	√	√

MC4205

CYBER SECURITY

L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the principles of cyber security and to identify threats and risks.
- To learn how to secure physical assets and develop system security controls.
- To understand how to apply security for Business applications and Network Communications.
- To learn the technical means to achieve security.
- To learn to monitor and audit security measures.

UNIT I PLANNING FOR CYBER SECURITY

9

Best Practices-Standards and a plan of Action-Security Governance Principles, components and Approach-Information Risk Management-Asset Identification-Threat Identification-Vulnerability Identification-Risk Assessment Approaches-Likelihood and Impact Assessment-Risk Determination, Evaluation and Treatment-Security Management Function-Security Policy-Acceptable Use Policy-Security Management Best Practices - Security Models: Bell La Padula model, Biba Integrity Model - Chinese Wall model

UNIT II SECURITY CONTROLS

9

People Management-Human Resource Security-Security Awareness and Education-Information Management- Information Classification and handling-Privacy-Documents and Record Management-Physical Asset Management-Office Equipment-Industrial Control Systems-Mobile Device Security-System Development-Incorporating Security into SDLC - Disaster management and Incident response planning.

UNIT III CYBER SECURITY FOR BUSINESS APPLICATIONS AND NETWORKS 9

Business Application Management-Corporate Business Application Security-End user Developed Applications-System Access- Authentication Mechanisms-Access Control-System Management-Virtual Servers-Network Storage Systems-Network Management Concepts-Firewall-IP Security-Electronic Communications - Case study on OWASP vulnerabilities using OWASP ZAP tool.

UNIT IV TECHNICAL SECURITY 9

Supply Chain Management-Cloud Security-Security Architecture-Malware Protection-Intrusion Detection-Digital Rights Management-Cryptographic Techniques-Threat and Incident Management-Vulnerability Management-Security Event Management-Forensic Investigations-Local Environment Management-Business Continuity.

UNIT V SECURITY ASSESSMENT 9

Security Monitoring and Improvement-Security Audit-Security Performance-Information Risk Reporting-Information Security Compliance Monitoring-Security Monitoring and Improvement Best Practices.

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. Discuss and debate information security policies that a privacy focused social media company should comply with.
2. Discuss data privacy policies implemented in various countries.
3. Demonstrate how ADB (Android debug bridge) is being used for malicious purposes.
4. Demonstrate how to troubleshoot networks and analyze packets using tools like WireShark.
5. Discuss the control challenges in virtual networks over cloud environments.

Discuss the common security flaws present in web applications and demonstrate how they can be identified using tools like ACUNETIX (or similar tools)

- OWASP ZAP : <https://owasp.org/www-project-zap/>
- ACUNETIX: <https://www.acunetix.com/>
- WireShark: <https://www.wireshark.org/>
- ADB: <https://developer.android.com/studio/command-line/adb>

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the student will be able to

CO1: Develop a set of risk and security requirements to ensure that there are no gaps in an organization's security practices.

CO2: Achieve management, operational and technical means for effective cyber security.

CO3: Audit and monitor the performance of cyber security controls.

CO4: Spot gaps in the system and devise improvements.

CO5: Identify and report vulnerabilities in the system

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. William Stallings, "Effective Cyber Security - A guide to using Best Practices and Standards", Addison-Wesley Professional, First Edition, 2019.
2. Adam Shostack, "Threat Modelling - Designing for Security", Wiley Publications, First Edition, 2014.
3. Gregory J. Touhill and C. Joseph Touhill, "Cyber Security for Executives - A Practical Guide", Wiley Publications, First Edition, 2014.
4. Raef Meeuwisse, "Cyber Security for Beginners", Second Edition, Cyber Simplicity Ltd, 2017.

5. Patrick Engebretson, "The Basics of Hacking and Penetration Testing: Ethical Hacking and Penetration Testing Made Easy", 2nd Edition, Syngress, 2013.
6. Charles P. Pfleeger, Shari Lawrence Pfleeger, Jonathan Margulies, "Security in Computing", Fifth Edition, Prentice Hall, 2015.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO 1		√			√	√			√		√		√	
CO 2	√	√	√		√				√	√	√		√	
CO 3	√	√		√							√	√	√	
CO 4	√	√	√	√					√		√	√		√
CO 5		√	√	√		√			√		√	√	√	

MC4211

ADVANCED DATABASE TECHNOLOGY LAB

L T P C

0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the process of distributing tables across multiple systems
- To understand the process of storing, retrieving spatial and temporal data
- To understand the process of storing, retrieving objects in a database
- To understand the process of storing and retrieving data from a XML Database
- To use the open source database for building a mobile application

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. NOSQL Exercises
 - a. MongoDB – CRUD operations, Indexing, Sharding
 - b. Cassandra: Table Operations, CRUD Operations, CQL Types
 - c. HIVE: Data types, Database Operations, Partitioning – HiveQL
 - d. OrientDB Graph database – OrientDB Features
2. MySQL Database Creation, Table Creation, Query
3. MySQL Replication – Distributed Databases
4. Spatial data storage and retrieval in MySQL
5. Temporal data storage and retrieval in MySQL
6. Object storage and retrieval in MySQL
7. XML Databases , XML table creation, XQuery FLWOR expression
8. Mobile Database Query Processing using open source DB (MongoDB/MySQL etc)

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS

1. Java / Python / R / Scala
2. Oracle, MySQL, MongoDB, Casandra, Hive

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the student will be able to:

CO1: Design and implement advanced databases.

CO2: Use big data frameworks and tools.

CO3: Formulate complex queries using SQL.

CO4: Create an XML document and perform Xquery.

CO5: Query processing in Mobile databases using open source tools.

MC4212

FULL STACK WEB DEVELOPMENT LABORATORY

L T P C
0 0 4 2

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To implement the client side of the web application using javascript.
- To understand Javascript on the desktop using NodeJS.
- To develop a web application using NodeJS and Express.
- To implement a SPA using React.
- To develop a full stack single page application using React, NodeJS, and a Database (MongoDB or SQL).

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Create a form and validate the contents of the form using JavaScript.
2. Get data using Fetch API from an open-source endpoint and display the contents in the form of a card.
3. Create a NodeJS server that serves static HTML and CSS files to the user without using Express.
4. Create a NodeJS server using Express that stores data from a form as a JSON file and displays it in another page. The redirect page should be prepared using Handlebars.
5. Create a NodeJS server using Express that creates, reads, updates and deletes students' details and stores them in MongoDB database. The information about the user should be obtained from a HTML form.
6. Create a NodeJS server that creates, reads, updates and deletes event details and stores them in a MySQL database. The information about the user should be obtained from a HTML form.
7. Create a counter using ReactJS
8. Create a Todo application using ReactJS. Store the data to a JSON file using a simple NodeJS server and retrieve the information from the same during page reloads.
9. Create a simple Sign up and Login mechanism and authenticate the user using cookies. The user information can be stored in either MongoDB or MySQL and the server should be built using NodeJS and Express Framework.
10. Create and deploy a virtual machine using a virtual box that can be accessed from the host computer using SSH.
11. Create a docker container that will deploy a NodeJS ping server using the NodeJS image.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS

1. NodeJS/Express JS, ReactJS, Docker, any IDE like NOTEPAD++/visual studio code/sublime text etc.,
2. MySQL, MongoDB

COURSE OUTCOMES:**CO1:** To implement and deploy the client side of the web application.**CO2:** To develop and deploy server side applications using NodeJS.**CO3:** To use Express framework in web development.**CO4:** To implement and architect database systems in both NoSQL and SQL environments.**CO5:** To develop a full stack single page application using React, NodeJS, and a Database and deploy using containers.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO 1	√	√	√	√	√	√	√		√			√	√	
CO 2	√	√	√	√	√	√	√		√			√	√	
CO 3	√	√	√	√	√				√			√	√	
CO 4	√	√	√	√	√				√			√	√	
CO 5	√	√	√	√	√		√		√	√	√	√	√	√

MC4213**COMMUNICATION SKILLS ENHANCEMENT - II****L T P C
0 0 2 1****OBJECTIVES:**

- To provide opportunities to learners to practice their communication skills to make them become proficient users of English.
- To enable learners to fine-tune their linguistic skills (LSRW) with the help of Technology to communicate globally.
- To enhance the performance of learners at placement interviews and group discussions and other recruitment procedures

1. SOFT SKILLS

- People skills
- Interpersonal skills
- Team building skills
- Leadership skills
- Problem solving skills

2. PRESENTATION SKILLS

- Preparing slides with animation related to the topic
- Introducing oneself to the audience
- Introducing the topic
- Presenting the visuals effectively – 5 minute presentation

3. GROUP DISCUSSION SKILLS

- Participating in group discussions
- Brainstorming the topic
- Activities to improve GD skills.

4. INTERVIEW SKILLS

- Interview etiquette – dress code – body language
- Attending job interviews
- Answering questions confidently
- Technical interview – telephone/Skype interview
- Emotional and cultural intelligence
- Stress Interview

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

REFERENCES / MANUALS / SOFTWARE: Open Sources / websites

OUTCOMES:

Upon Completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Students will be able to make presentations and participate in Group discussions with confidence.
- Students will be able to perform well in the interviews.
- Students will make effective presentations.

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs														
COs/POs & PSOs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1									√	√				
CO2									√	√				
CO3									√	√				
CO4										√				
CO5										√				

MC4301

MACHINE LEARNING

L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To gain knowledge on foundations of machine learning and apply suitable dimensionality reduction techniques for an application
- To select the appropriate model and use feature engineering techniques
- To gain knowledge on Probability and Bayesian Learning to solve the given problem
- To design and implement the machine learning techniques for real world problems
- To analyze, learn and classify complex data without predefined models also

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Human Learning - Types – Machine Learning - Types - Problems not to be solved - Applications - Languages/Tools– Issues. Preparing to Model: Introduction - Machine Learning Activities - Types of data - Exploring structure of data - Data quality and remediation - Data Pre-processing

UNIT II MODEL EVALUATION AND FEATURE ENGINEERING

9

Model Selection - Training Model - Model Representation and Interpretability - Evaluating Performance of a Model - Improving Performance of a Model - Feature Engineering: Feature Transformation - Feature Subset Selection

UNIT III BAYESIAN LEARNING**9**

Basic Probability Notation- Inference – Independence - Bayes' Rule. Bayesian Learning: Maximum Likelihood and Least Squared error hypothesis-Maximum Likelihood hypotheses for predicting probabilities- Minimum description Length principle -Bayes optimal classifier - Naïve Bayes classifier - Bayesian Belief networks -EM algorithm.

UNIT VI PARAMETRIC MACHINE LEARNING**9**

Logistic Regression: Classification and representation – Cost function – Gradient descent – Advanced optimization – Regularization - Solving the problems on overfitting. Perceptron – Neural Networks – Multi – class Classification - Backpropagation – Non-linearity with activation functions (Tanh, Sigmoid, Relu, PRelu) - Dropout as regularization

UNIT V NON PARAMETRIC MACHINE LEARNING**9**

k- Nearest Neighbors- Decision Trees – Branching – Greedy Algorithm - Multiple Branches – Continuous attributes – Pruning. Random Forests: ensemble learning. Boosting – Adaboost algorithm. Support Vector Machines – Large Margin Intuition – Loss Function - Hinge Loss – SVM Kernels

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. Explore the significant steps involved in data preprocessing in Machine Learning
2. Choose a model and train a model in machine learning.
3. Explain the application of Bayes Theorem and how it's useful to predict the future
4. Make the difference between supervised Learning and unsupervised Learning Techniques
5. Differentiate Perceptron, Neural Network, Convolutional Neural Network and Deep Learning

TOTAL:45 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:**

- Understand about Data Preprocessing, Dimensionality reduction
- Apply proper model for the given problem and use feature engineering techniques
- Make use of Probability Technique to solve the given problem.
- Analyze the working model and features of Decision tree
- choose and apply appropriate algorithm to learn and classify the data

REFERENCES

1. Ethem Alpaydin, —Introduction to Machine Learning 3e (Adaptive Computation and Machine Learning Series)II, Third Edition, MIT Press, 2014
2. Tom M. Mitchell, "Machine Learning", India Edition, 1st Edition, McGraw-Hill Education Private Limited, 2013
3. Saikat Dutt, Subramanian Chandramouli and Amit Kumar Das, "Machine Learning", 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2019
4. Christopher M. Bishop, "Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning", Revised Edition, Springer, 2016.
5. Aurelien Geron, "Hands-On Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn, Keras, and TensorFlow", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly, 2019
6. Stephen Marsland, —Machine Learning – An Algorithmic Perspectivell, Second Edition, Chapman and Hall/CRC Machine Learning and Pattern Recognition Series, 2014.

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs														
COs/POs & PSOs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO3
CO1	√	√	√	√										
CO2	√	√	√	√	√							√		
CO3	√	√	√	√								√		
CO4	√	√	√	√								√		
CO5	√	√	√	√								√		

MC4302

INTERNET OF THINGS

L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the concepts of IoT and its working models
- To know the various IoT protocols
- To understand about various IoT Physical devices and Endpoints
- To know the security and privacy issues connected with IoT
- To apply the concept of Internet of Things in a real world scenario.

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF IOT 9

Definition and Characteristics of IoT, Sensors, Actuators, Physical Design of IoT – IoT Protocols, IoT communication models, IoT Communication APIs, IoT enabled Technologies – Wireless Sensor Networks, Cloud Computing, Embedded Systems, IoT Levels and Templates, Domain Specific IoTs – Home, City, Environment, Energy, Agriculture and Industry.

UNIT II IOT PROTOCOLS 9

Protocol Standardization for IoT – Efforts – M2M and WSN Protocols – SCADA and RFID Protocols – Issues with IoT Standardization – Unified Data Standards – Protocols – IEEE802.15.4–BACNet Protocol– Modbus – KNX – Zigbee– Network layer – APS layer – Security

UNIT III IoT Physical Devices and Endpoints 9

Introduction to Arduino and Raspberry Pi- Installation, Interfaces (serial, SPI, I2C), Programming – Python program with Raspberry PI with focus on interfacing external gadgets, controlling output, and reading input from pins.

UNIT IV Internet of Things Privacy, Security and Governance 9

Introduction, Overview of Governance, Privacy and Security Issues, Contribution from FP7 Projects, Security, Privacy and Trust in IoT-Data-Platforms for Smart Cities, First Steps Towards a Secure Platform, Smartie Approach. Data Aggregation for the IoT in Smart Cities, Security

UNIT V APPLICATIONS 9

IOT APPLICATIONS - IoT applications for industry: Future Factory Concepts, Brownfield IoT, Smart Objects, Smart Applications. Study of existing IoT platforms /middleware, IoT- A, Hydra etc.

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

- 1: Study of 5 different types of sensors and actuators available in Market
- 2: Study of commercial IoT available in any one domain
- 3: Study the recent developments in IoT Protocol
- 4: Implement simple Python programs for IoT
- 5: Study on the latest government policies on IoT security and Privacy
- 6: A study on how to use IoT to solve some problems in your neighborhood.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Able to

- CO1:** Define the infrastructure for supporting IoT deployments
- CO2:** Understand the usage of IoT protocols for communication between various IoT devices
- CO3:** Design portable IoT using Arduino/Raspberry Pi /equivalent boards.
- CO4:** Understand the basic concepts of security and governance as applied to IoT
- CO5:** Analyze and illustrate applications of IoT in real time scenarios

REFERENCES

1. Internet of Things - A Hands-on Approach, Arshdeep Bahga and Vijay Madisetti, Universities Press, 2015, ISBN: 9788173719547
2. Olivier Hersent, David Boswarthick, Omar Elloumi , “The Internet of Things – Key applications and Protocols”, Wiley, 2012. .
3. David Hanes, Gonzalo Salgueiro, Patrick Grossetete, Rob Barton, Jerome Henry, “IoT Fundamentals, Networking Technologies, Protocols, and Use cases for the Internet of Things”, Cisco Press, First Edition,2017.
4. Dieter Uckelmann, Mark Harrison, Michahelles, Florian (Eds), “Architecting the Internet ofThings”, Springer, 2011
5. Raspberry Pi Cookbook, Software and Hardware Problems and solutions, Simon Monk, O'Reilly (SPD), 2016, ISBN 7989352133895
6. Peter Friess,'Internet of Things – From Research and Innovation to Market Deployment', River Publishers, 2014

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO 3
CO 1		√	√	√	√				√			√		
CO 2		√	√		√						√	√	√	
CO 3	√	√	√										√	√
CO 4	√	√	√			√							√	
CO 5	√	√	√	√					√		√			√

MC4311

MACHINE LEARNING LABORATORY

**L T P C
0 0 4 2**

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand about data cleaning and data preprocessing
- To familiarize with the Supervised Learning algorithms and implement them in practical situations.
- To familiarize with unsupervised Learning algorithms and carry on the implementation part.
- To involve the students to practice ML algorithms and techniques.
- Learn to use algorithms for real time data sets.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS :

1. Demonstrate how do you structure data in Machine Learning
2. Implement data preprocessing techniques on real time dataset
3. Implement Feature subset selection techniques
4. Demonstrate how will you measure the performance of a machine learning model
5. Write a program to implement the naïve Bayesian classifier for a sample training data set. Compute the accuracy of the classifier, considering few test data sets.
6. Write a program to construct a Bayesian network considering medical data. Use this model to demonstrate the diagnosis of heart patients using the standard Heart Disease Data Set.
7. Apply EM algorithm to cluster a set of data stored in a .CSV file.
8. Write a program to implement k-Nearest Neighbor algorithm to classify the data set.
9. Apply the technique of pruning for a noisy data monk2 data, and derive the decision tree from this data. Analyze the results by comparing the structure of pruned and unpruned tree.
10. Build an Artificial Neural Network by implementing the Backpropagation algorithm and test the same using appropriate data sets
11. Implement Support Vector Classification for linear kernels.
12. Implement Logistic Regression to classify problems such as spam detection. Diabetes predictions and so on.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

LAB REQUIREMENTS:

Python or any ML tools like R

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the laboratory course, the student should be able to

CO1: apply data preprocessing technique and explore the structure of data to prepare for predictive modeling

CO2: understand how to select and train a model and measure the performance.

CO3: apply feature selection techniques in Machine Learning

CO4: construct Bayesian Network for appropriate problem

CO5: learn about parametric and non-parametric machine Learning algorithms and implement to practical situations

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs														
COs/POs & PSOs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	√	√	√	√	√	√								
CO2	√	√	√	√	√								√	
CO3	√	√	√	√									√	
CO4	√	√	√	√		√			√		√		√	√
CO5	√	√	√	√		√			√		√		√	√

OBJECTIVES:

- To design applications to interact with sensors
- To design and develop IoT application Arduino/Raspberry pi for real world scenario.
- To enable communication between IoT and cloud platforms
- To develop applications using Django Framework

EXPERIMENTS:**PART I:**

1. To study various IoT protocols – 6LowPAN, IPv4/IPv6, Wifi, Bluetooth, MQTT.
2. IoT Application Development Using sensors and actuators (temperature sensor, light sensor, infrared sensor)
3. To study Raspberry Pi development board and to implement LED blinking applications.
4. To develop an application to send and receive data with Arduino using HTTP request
5. To develop an application that measures the room temperature and posts the temperature value on the cloud platform.
6. To develop an application that measures the moisture of soil and post the sensed data over Google Firebase cloud platform.
7. To develop an application for measuring the distance using ultrasonic sensor and post distance value on Google Cloud IoT platform
8. Develop a simple application based on sensors.
9. Develop IoT applications using Django Framework and Firebase/ Bluemix platform.
10. Develop a commercial IoT application.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:**

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1: To understand the various IoT protocols

CO2: Test and experiment different sensors for application development

CO3: To develop applications using Arduino/Raspberry Pi/ Equivalent boards.

CO4: To develop applications that would read the sensor data and post it in Cloud

CO5: Develop IOT applications with different platforms and frameworks.

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs														
COs/POs & PSOs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	√	√	√	√	√	√								
CO2	√	√	√	√	√								√	
CO3	√	√	√	√		√	√	√	√		√		√	√
CO4	√	√	√	√		√			√		√		√	√
CO5	√	√	√	√		√			√		√		√	√

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES

MC4001

SOFTWARE PROJECT MANAGEMENT

L T P C

3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To know how to do project planning for the software process.
- To learn the cost estimation techniques during the analysis of the project.
- To understand the quality concepts for ensuring the functionality of the software

UNIT SOFTWARE PROJECT MANAGEMENT CONCEPTS 9

Introduction to Software Project Management: An Overview of Project Planning: Select Project, Identifying Project scope and objectives, infrastructure, project products and Characteristics. Estimate efforts, Identify activity risks, and allocate resources- Six Sigma, Software Quality: defining software quality, ISO9126, External Standards.

UNIT II SOFTWARE EVALUATION AND COSTING 9

Project Evaluation: Strategic Assessment, Technical Assessment, cost-benefit analysis, Cash flow forecasting, cost-benefit evaluation techniques, Risk Evaluation. Selection of Appropriate Project approach: Choosing technologies, choice of process models, structured methods.

UNIT III SOFTWARE ESTIMATION TECHNIQUES 9

Software Effort Estimation: Problems with over and under estimations, Basis of software Estimation, Software estimation techniques, expert Judgment, Estimating by analogy. Activity Planning: Project schedules, projects and activities, sequencing and scheduling Activities, networks planning models, formulating a network model.

UNIT IV RISK MANAGEMENT 9

Risk Management: Nature of Risk, Managing Risk, Risk Identification and Analysis, Reducing the Risk. Resource Allocation: Scheduling resources, Critical Paths, Cost scheduling, Monitoring and Control: Creating Framework, cost monitoring, prioritizing monitoring.

UNIT V GLOBALIZATION ISSUES IN PROJECT MANAGEMENT 9

Globalization issues in project management: Evolution of globalization- challenges in building global teams-models for the execution of some effective management techniques for managing global teams. Impact of the internet on project management: Introduction – the effect of the internet on project management – managing projects for the internet – effect on project management activities. Comparison of project management software: dot Project, Launch pad, openProj. Case study: PRINCE2

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. Reducing process variability using six-sigma model DMAIC on software company applications with respect to factors like quality aspects , production bugs classified and measured, the causes of the large number of production bugs leading to different improvement suggestions
2. Do cost benefit analysis using Ms-Excel for Selecting the project (from available data in the web like <https://img.chandoo.org/a/24-cost-benefit-analysis.xlsx>)
3. Frequencying and Scheduling the Project activities using open source Ms-Project
4. Risk analysis of any project with special reference to performance time cost trilogy
5. Set up a project and its tasks ; Communicate with everyone on the project team from within dotProject software.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:**CO1:** Understand the activities during the project scheduling of any software application.**CO2:** Learn the risk management activities and the resource allocation for the projects.**CO3:** Apply the software estimation and recent quality standards for evaluation of the software projects**CO4:** Acquire knowledge and skills needed for the construction of highly reliable software project**CO5:** Create reliable, replicable cost estimation that links to the requirements of project planning and managing**REFERENCES**

1. Bob Hughes, Mike Cotterell & Rajib Mall "Software Project Management", McGraw- Hill Publications, 6th Edition 2017.
2. Ian Somerville, "Software Engineering", 10th Edition, Pearson Education, 2017.
3. Robert T. Futrell , "Quality Software Project Management", Pearson Education India, 2008.
4. Gopaldaswamy Ramesh, "Managing Global Software Projects: How to Lead Geographically Distributed Teams, Manage Processes and Use Quality Models", McGraw Hill Education, 2017.
5. Richard H.Thayer "Software Engineering Project Management", 2nd Edition, Wiley, 2006.
6. S. A. Kelkar," Software Project Management" PHI, New Delhi, Third Edition ,2013

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1						√		√	√	√				√	
CO2						√		√	√	√	√				
CO3						√		√	√	√					√
CO4						√		√	√	√				√	√
CO5						√		√	√	√					√

MC4002**PROFESSIONAL ETHICS IN IT****L T P C****3 0 0 3****OBJECTIVES:**

- To understand the concepts of computer ethics in the work environment.
- To understand the threats in computing environment
- To Understand the intricacies of accessibility issues
- To ensure safe exits when designing the software projects

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO ETHICS**9**

Definition of Ethics- Right, Good, Just- The Rational Basis of Ethics -Theories of Right: Intuitionist vs. End-Based vs. Duty-Based -Rights, Duties, Obligations -Theory of Value - Conflicting Principles and Priorities -The Importance of Integrity -The Difference Between Morals, Ethics, and Laws -Ethics in the Business World - Corporate Social Responsibility - Creating an Ethical Work Environment -Including Ethical Considerations in Decision Making

UNIT II ETHICS IN INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY, INTERNET CRIME 9

IT Professionals - Are IT Workers Professionals- Professional Relationships That Must Be Managed -Professional Codes of Ethics - Professional Organizations - Certification - IT Professional Ethics, Three Codes of Ethics, Management Conflicts. The Reveton Ransomware Attacks -IT Security Incidents: A Major Concern - Why Computer Incidents Are So Prevalent - Types of Exploits -Types of Perpetrators-Federal Laws for Prosecuting Computer Attacks-Implementing Trustworthy Computing -Risk Assessment -Establishing a Security Policy - Educating Employees and Contract Workers

UNIT III FREEDOM OF EXPRESSION, PRIVACY 9

First Amendment Rights -Obscene Speech-Defamation -Freedom of Expression: Key Issues - Controlling Access to Information on the Internet -Strategic Lawsuit Against Public Participation (SLAPP)-Anonymity on the Internet-Hate Speech- Privacy Protection and the Law- Information Privacy- Privacy Laws, Applications, and Court Rulings-Key Privacy and Anonymity Issues-Data Breaches -Electronic Discovery-Consumer Profiling- Workplace Monitoring -Advanced Surveillance Technology

UNIT IV FREEDOM OF EXPRESSION, INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS 9

Intellectual Property Rights-Copyrights-Copyright Term - Eligible Works -Fair Use Doctrine - Software Copyright Protection -Copyright Laws and the internet-Copyright and Piracy-Patents-Software Patents -Cross-Licensing Agreements -Trade Secrets-Trade Secret Laws -Employees and Trade Secrets-Key Intellectual Property Issues-Plagiarism -Reverse Engineering-Open Source Code- Competitive Intelligence -Trademark Infringement -Cyber squatting

UNIT V SOCIAL NETWORKING ETHICS AND ETIQUETTES 9

Social Networking Web Site- Business Applications of Online Social Networking-Social Network Advertising-The Use of Social Networks in the Hiring Process-Social Networking Ethical Issues -Cyber bullying- Online Virtual Worlds-Crime in Virtual Worlds-Educational and Business Uses of Virtual Worlds

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. Prepare a report of CSR activities of any three organizations.
2. Study of the government rules and regulations for prosecuting Computer Attacks
3. Do case study of two incidents that lead to IT Security breach in any of the organizations
4. Recent cases (within last 5 years duration) of infringement of intellectual property rights
5. A study on Creative commons and its effect on Open Educational Resources
6. A study on the role of social networking advertising in the development of Business and Educational Sectors

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon Completion of the course, the students will be able to

- CO1:** Examine situations and to internalize the need for applying ethical principles, values to tackle various situations.
- CO2:** Develop a responsible attitude towards the use of computers as well as the technology.
- CO3:** Envision the societal impact on the products/ projects they develop in their career
- CO4:** Understand the code of ethics and standards of computer professionals.
- CO5:** Analyze professional responsibility and empower access to information in the workplace.

REFERENCES

1. Caroline Whitback, "Ethics in Engineering Practice and Research", Cambridge University Press, 2nd Edition 2011.
2. George Reynolds, "Ethics in Information Technology", Cengage Learning, 6th Edition 2018.
3. Barger, Robert. (2008). Computer ethics: A case-based approach. Cambridge University Press 1st Edition.
4. John Weckert and Douglas Adeney, Computer and Information Ethics, Greenwood Press, First Edition 1997.
5. Penny Duqueno, Simon Jones and Barry G Blundell, "Ethical, legal and professional issues in computing", Middlesex University Press, First Edition 2008.
6. Sara Baase, "A Gift of Fire: Social, Legal, and Ethical Issues for Computing Technology", 4th Edition, Pearson India, 2018.
7. http://www.infosectoday.com/Articles/Intro_Computer_Ethics.html

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO 1						√		√	√	√				√	
CO 2						√		√	√	√					
CO 3						√		√	√	√					√
CO 4						√		√	√	√				√	√
CO 5						√		√	√	√					√

MC4003

E - LEARNING

L T P C

3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the various E-learning approaches and Components.
- To explore Design Thinking.
- To understand the types of design models of E-learning.
- To learn about E-learning Authoring tools.
- To know about evaluation and management of E-learning solutions

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Need for E-Learning – Approaches of E-Learning – Components of E-Learning – synchronous and Asynchronous Modes of Learning – Quality of E-Learning – Blended Learning: Activities, Team and Technology – WorkFlow to Produce and Deliver E-Learning Content – Design Thinking: Introduction – Actionable Strategy – Act to Learn – Leading Teams to Win

UNIT II DESIGNING E-LEARNING COURSE CONTENT

9

Design Models of E-Learning – Identifying and Organizing E-Learning Course Content: Needs Analysis – Analyzing the Target Audience – Identifying Course Content – Defining Learning Objectives – Defining the Course Sequence – Defining Instructional Methods – Defining Evaluation and Delivery Strategies – Case Study

UNIT III CREATING INTERACTIVE CONTENT 9

Preparing Content: Tips for Content Development and Language Style – Creating Storyboards: Structure of an Interactive E-Lesson – Techniques for Presenting Content – Adding Examples – Integrating Multimedia Elements – Adding Examples – Developing Practice and Assessment Tests–Adding Additional Resources – Courseware Development Authoring Tools – Types of Authoring Tools – Selecting an Authoring Tool.

UNIT V LEARNING PLATFORMS 9

Types of Learning Platforms – Proprietary Vs. Open – Source LMS – LMS Vs LCMS – Internally Handled and Hosted LMS – LMS Solutions – Functional Areas of LMS.

UNIT V COURSE DELIVERY AND EVALUATION 9

Components of an Instructor-Led or Facilitated Course – Planning and Documenting Activities – Facilitating Learners Activities – E-Learning Methods and Delivery Formats – Using Communication Tools for E-Learning – Course Evaluation

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. Prepare the E-Learning Components and how will you measure the quality of the contents. Also, analyze synchronous and Asynchronous Modes of Learning, and discuss the advantages and disadvantages of both.
2. Explain how the course instructor design and create effective E-Learning content
3. List the types of authoring tools and discuss which tool is best according to you.
4. Explain about different types of Learning Platforms
5. Discuss about the Evaluation process of E-Learning courses in detail.

OUTCOMES:

On completion of course, the students will be able to:

CO1: Distinguish the phases of activities in models of E-learning.

CO2: Identify appropriate instructional methods and delivery strategies.

CO3: Choose appropriate E-learning Authoring tools.

CO4: Create interactive E-learning courseware.

CO5: Evaluate the E-learning courseware

REFERENCES

1. Clark, R. C., Mayer, R. E., "E-Learning and the Science of Instruction". Third Edition, Wiley Publisher, 2016.
2. Crews, T. B., Sheth, S. N., Horne, T. M., "Understanding the Learning Personalities of Successful Online Students", 1st Edition, Educause Review, 2014.
3. Johnny Schneider, "Understanding Design Thinking, Lean and Agile", 1st Edition, O'Reilly Media, 2017.
4. Madhuri Dubey, "Effective E-learning Design, Development and Delivery", 1st Edition, University Press, 2011.
5. Vladimir L. Uskov, Robert J. Howlett, Lakhmi C. Jain, Smart Education and E-Learning, 1st Edition, Springer Singapore, 2019.
6. William Horton, "E-Learning by design", 2nd Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2011.

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs														
COs/POs & PSOs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	√	√	√	√										
CO2	√	√	√	√	√								√	
CO3	√	√	√	√	√								√	
CO4	√	√	√	√									√	√
CO5	√	√	√								√		√	

MC4004

ADVANCES IN OPERATING SYSTEMS

L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To review the fundamentals of Operating Systems
- To gain knowledge on Distributed Operating System concepts that includes issues, Mutual exclusion algorithms, Deadlock detection algorithms
- To gain insight on the distributed resource management components viz. the algorithms for implementation of distributed shared memory, and distributed scheduling.
- To know the components and management aspects of Real time, Mobile operating systems
- To acquire knowledge on the basics of Linux and Mobile OS like iOS, Android

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF OPERATING SYSTEMS 9

Overview – Synchronization Mechanisms – Processes and Threads - Process Scheduling – Models of Resources - Deadlocks: Detection, Prevention and Recovery

UNIT II DISTRIBUTED OPERATING SYSTEMS 9

Issues in Distributed Operating System – Communication Primitives – Lamport’s Logical clocks – Causal Ordering of Messages – Distributed Mutual Exclusion Algorithms – Centralized and Distributed Deadlock Detection Algorithms

UNIT III DISTRIBUTED RESOURCE MANAGEMENT 9

Distributed File Systems – Design Issues – Distributed Shared Memory – Algorithms for Implementing Distributed Shared Memory – Distributed Scheduling – Issues in Load Distributing – Load Distributing Algorithms

UNIT IV REAL TIME AND MOBILE OPERATING SYSTEMS 9

Basic Model of Real Time Systems - Characteristics- Applications of Real Time Systems – Real Time Task Scheduling - Handling Resource Sharing - Mobile Operating Systems – Microkernel Design - Client Server Resource Access – Processes and Threads - Memory Management - File system.

UNIT V CASE STUDIES 9

Linux System: Design Principles - Kernel Modules - Process Management - Scheduling - Memory Management – Input Output Management - File System – Interprocess Communication. iOS and Android: Architecture and SDK Framework - Media Layer - Services Layer - Core OS Layer - File System.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. Consider the following preemption method to prevent deadlocks: All processes are assigned unique priorities that can be totally ordered. A requesting process is allowed to preempt another process that holds the needed resource only if the requesting process has higher priority, otherwise, it is blocked. Demonstrate that this method prevents deadlock.
2. Consider a distributed system where each node has its own clock. Assume that all the clocks in the system are perfectly synchronized. Also, assume that the communication network is reliable. Give an algorithm for recording the global state. Note that your algorithm should be simpler than the Chandy- Lamport algorithm.
3. Predict the performance of the receiver-initiated load sharing algorithm when the entire system workload is generated at only a few nodes in the system instead of equally at all the nodes in the system. (Hint : performance depends on how successful receivers will be in locating senders)
4. Consider two processes, P1 and P2, where $p1 = 50$, $t1 = 25$, $p2 = 75$, and $t2 = 30$.
 - a. Can these two processes be scheduled using Rate-Monotonic Scheduling? Illustrate your answer by displaying a Gantt chart
 - b. Implement the scheduling of these two processes using Earliest Deadline-First (EDF) scheduling.
5. Developers David and Peter of R & D belong to group A. Administrative staff Jack and Mike belong to group B.
 - a. Create a shared directory `"/ project_a"`. The files in this directory can only be read, added, deleted, modified, and executed by developers in the R & D department. Other users cannot perform any access operation in this directory.
 - b. Create a directory `"/ project_b"`. The files in this directory can only be read, added, deleted, modified and executed by the staff of the Administration Department, other users cannot do anything to this directory Access operation.
 - c. Create a directory `"/ project"`. The files in this directory can be read, added, deleted, modified, and executed by personnel in the R & D department and administrative department. Users in other departments can only use this directory and perform read-only access operations.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon Completion of the course, students should be able to:

CO1: Discuss various synchronization, scheduling and deadlock issues

CO2: Demonstrate mutual exclusion and deadlock detection of Distributed Operating system

CO3: Discuss various resource management techniques for distributed systems

CO4: Identify the different features of real time and mobile operating systems

CO5: Perform administrative tasks on Linux Servers, iOS and Android

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1. Mukesh Singhal, Niranjan G. Shivaratri, "Advanced Concepts in Operating Systems – Distributed, Database, and Multiprocessor Operating Systems", Tata McGraw-Hill, First Edition, 1994.
2. Abraham Silberschatz; Peter Baer Galvin; Greg Gagne, "Operating System Concepts- Essentials", Ninth Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2013.
3. Love Robert, "Linux Kernel Development", Pearson Education India, Third Edition, 2018.
4. Neil Smyth, "iOS 12 App Development Essentials", Payload media, 2018.
5. Rajib Mall, "Real-Time Systems: Theory and Practice", Pearson Education India, First Edition 2006.

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs														
COs/POs & PSOs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1		√		√		√						√		
CO2			√	√								√		
CO3				√	√							√		
CO4			√		√							√		
CO5	√	√	√	√	√				√		√	√	√	√

MC4005

INFORMATION RETRIEVAL TECHNIQUES

L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of information retrieval with pertinence to modeling, query operations and indexing
- To get an understanding of machine learning techniques for text classification and clustering.
- To understand the various applications of information retrieval giving emphasis to multimedia IR, web search
- To understand the concepts of digital libraries

UNIT I MOTIVATION 9

Basic Concepts – Practical Issues - Retrieval Process – Architecture - Boolean Retrieval – Retrieval Evaluation – Open Source IR Systems–History of Web Search – Web Characteristics– The impact of the web on IR —IR Versus Web Search–Components of a Search engine

UNIT II MODELING 9

Taxonomy and Characterization of IR Models – Boolean Model – Vector Model - Term Weighting – Scoring and Ranking –Language Models – Set Theoretic Models - Probabilistic Models – Algebraic Models – Structured Text Retrieval Models – Models for Browsing

UNIT III INDEXING 9

Static and Dynamic Inverted Indices – Index Construction and Index Compression. Searching-Sequential Searching and Pattern Matching. Query Operations -Query Languages – Query Processing - Relevance Feedback and Query Expansion - Automatic Local and Global Analysis – Measuring Effectiveness and Efficiency

UNIT IV CLASSIFICATION AND CLUSTERING 9

Text Classification and Naïve Bayes – Vector Space Classification – Support vector machines and Machine learning on documents. Flat Clustering – Hierarchical Clustering – Matrix decompositions and latent semantic indexing – Fusion and Meta learning

UNIT V SEARCHING THE WEB AND RETRIEVAL 9

Searching the Web –Structure of the Web –IR and web search – Static and Dynamic Ranking – Web Crawling and Indexing – Link Analysis - XML Retrieval Multimedia IR: Models and Languages – Indexing and Searching Parallel and Distributed IR – Digital Libraries

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. Compare the features of any three search engines
2. Compare and contrast the IR models
3. List out features of the various IR Query languages
4. List out the applications of classification and clustering in Machine Learning
5. A Study on web crawler used by any Search Engine for indexing the sites
(For eg., Google, Mozilla, Internet Explorer,....)

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of this course, the students should be able to:

- CO1:** Build an Information Retrieval system using the available tools.
- CO2:** Identify and design the various components of an Information Retrieval system.
- CO3:** Model an information retrieval system
- CO4:** Apply machine learning techniques to text classification and clustering which is used for efficient Information Retrieval.
- CO5:** Design an efficient search engine and analyze the Web content structure.

REFERENCES

1. Implementing and Evaluating Search Engines, The MIT Press, Cambridge, Massachusetts London, England, First Edition 2010.
2. Manning D. Christopher, Raghavan Prabhakar & Schutz Hinrich, " Introduction to Information Retrieval", Cambridge University Press, Online Edition, 2009.
3. David A. Grossman, Ophir Frieder, "Information Retrieval: Algorithms and Heuristics", Springer, 2nd Edition, 2004.
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6. Stefan Buttcher, Charles L. A. Clarke, Gordon V. Cormack, —Information Retrieval: Implementing and Evaluating Search Engines (The MIT Press), Illustrated Edition, 2016.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO 1	√	√	√	√	√				√			√	√	√	√
CO 2	√	√	√	√	√				√			√	√	√	
CO 3	√	√	√	√	√				√			√	√	√	√
CO 4	√	√	√	√	√		√		√	√	√	√	√	√	√
CO 5	√	√	√	√	√				√	√		√	√	√	√

OBJECTIVES:

- To gain knowledge of soft computing theories and its fundamentals.
- To design a soft computing system required to address a computational task.
- To learn and apply artificial neural networks, fuzzy sets and fuzzy logic and genetic algorithms in problem solving and use of heuristics based on human experience.
- To introduce the ideas of fuzzy sets, fuzzy logic and to become familiar with neural networks that can learn from available examples and generalize to form appropriate rules for inferencing systems.
- To familiarize with genetic algorithms and other random search procedures while seeking global optimum in self – learning situations

UNIT I FUZZY COMPUTING 9

Basic Concepts of Fuzzy Logic, Fuzzy Sets and Crisp Sets, Fuzzy Set Theory and Operations, Properties of Fuzzy Sets, Fuzzy and Crisp Relations, Fuzzy to Crisp Conversion Membership Functions, Inference in Fuzzy Logic, Fuzzy If – Then Rules, Fuzzy Implications and Fuzzy Algorithms, Fuzzification and Defuzzification, Fuzzy Controller, Industrial Applications.

UNIT II FUNDAMENTALS OF NEURAL NETWORKS 9

Neuron, Nerve Structure and Synapse, Artificial Neuron and its Model, Activation Functions, Neural Network Architecture: Single Layer and Multilayer Feed Forward Networks, Recurrent Networks. Various Learning Techniques; Perception and Convergence Rule, Auto-Associative and Hetero-Associative Memory

UNIT III BACKPROPAGATION NETWORKS 9

Back Propagation Networks) Architecture: Perceptron Model, Solution, Single Layer Artificial Neural Network, Multilayer Perceptron Model; Back Propagation Learning Methods, Effect of Learning Rule Co – Efficient ;Back Propagation Algorithm, Factors Affecting Backpropagation Training, Applications

UNIT IV COMPETITIVE NEURAL NETWORKS 9

Kohonen's Self Organizing Map – SOM Architecture, learning procedure – Application; Learning Vector Quantization – learning by LVQ; Adaptive Resonance Theory – Learning procedure – Applications.

UNIT V GENETIC ALGORITHM 9

Basic Concepts, Working Principle, Procedures of GA, Flow Chart of GA, Genetic Representations, (Encoding) Initialization and Selection, Genetic Operators, Mutation, Generational Cycle, Applications

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:**

- Prepare a weekly timetable for classes in a college for different groups of students so that there are no clashes between classes. The task is to search for the optimum using GA
- Species identification of a plant using Back propagation Algorithm
- Bandwidth allocation for wireless system using Neural network
- Apply Fuzzy logic for washing machines to determine the correct amount of water and detergent, speed of agitation, and length of the wash cycles.
- Apply Fuzzy logic for breast cancer diagnosis
- Do a Case Study Effect of Road Traffic Noise Pollution on Human Work Efficiency in

Offices/ Organizations/ Commercial Business Centers in cities Using Fuzzy Expert System:

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- CO1:** Identify and describe soft computing techniques and their roles in building intelligent machines.
- CO2:** Recognize the feasibility of applying a soft computing methodology for a particular problem.
- CO3:** Apply fuzzy logic and reasoning to handle uncertainty and solve engineering problems.
- CO4:** Apply genetic algorithms to optimization problems.
- CO5:** Design neural networks to pattern classification and regression problems using a soft computing approach.

REFERENCES

1. J.S.R. Jang, C.T. Sun and E. Mizutani, "Neuro – Fuzzy and Soft Computing", Pearson Education, 2004.
2. S. Rajasekaran and G.A. VijayalakshmiPai, "Neural Networks, Fuzzy Systems and Evolutionary Algorithms: Synthesis and Applications", PHI Learning, 2nd Edition, 2017.
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4. Simon Haykin, "Neural Networks and Learning Machines", Pearson, 3rd Edition, 2009.
5. Timothy Ross, "Fuzzy Logic with Engineering Applications", Wiley Publications, 4th Edition 2016.

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs														
COs/POs & PSOs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO1	√	√											√	
CO2	√	√	√			√							√	
CO3	√	√				√							√	√
CO4	√	√				√							√	
CO5	√	√			√	√			√				√	√

MC4007

OPERATIONS RESEARCH

L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To provide the concept and an understanding of basic concepts in Operations Research techniques for Analysis and Modeling in Applications.
- To understand , develop and solve mathematical model of linear programming problems
- To understand , develop and solve mathematical model of Transport and assignment problems
- To Understand network modeling for planning and scheduling the project activities

UNIT I LINEAR PROGRAMMING MODELS 9

Formulation of LPP, Graphical solution of LPP. Simplex Method, Artificial variables: big-M method, degeneracy and unbound solutions.

UNIT II TRANSPORTATION AND ASSIGNMENT MODELS 9

Formulation - Methods for finding basic Feasible Solution - Optimality Test - MODI method - Degeneracy in Transportation Problem -Unbalanced Transportation Problem. Assignment Method: Mathematical formulation of assignment models – Hungarian Algorithm – Variants of the Assignment problem

UNIT III SCHEDULING BY PERT AND CPM 9

Introduction - Rules to frame a Network - Fulkerson’s Rule to numbering of events - Activity, Times - Critical Path Computation - Slack and Float - PERT- Steps and computing variance, Merits and demerits of PERT, CPM- Time estimating & Limitations, Comparison between PERT & CPM.

UNIT VI QUEUEING MODELS 9

Characteristics of Queueing Models–Poisson Queues-(M /M/1):(FIFO/ ∞ / ∞), (M / M / 1) : (FIFO / N / ∞), (M / M / C) : (FIFO / ∞ / ∞), (M / M / C) : (FIFO / N / ∞)models.

UNIT V GAME THEORY 9

Competitive game, rectangular game, saddle point, minimax (maximin) method of optimal strategies- value of the game. Solution of games with saddle points, dominance principle. Rectangular games without saddle point – mixed strategy for 2 X 2 games.

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. Do some research on nutrients that are essential for a balanced diet. Select three or four nutrients and constraints on it. Explore the framework of LPP. Formulate an LPP with suitable objective function and constraints.
2. Identify some electricity distribution centers and areas which have requirements. Think of the objective and try to provide the solution framework.
3. Break down the stages of completing a construction of a house (like Start, Framing, Plumbing etc...) and find the minimum days to complete the construction.
4. Try to observe the customer arrival rate in a departmental store near your residence for a week. Also the service rate rendered. Make your inference on appointing an extra salesgirl.
5. Decision making is very crucial. Consider the situation where two companies share a market, in which they currently make Rs 50, 00,000 each. Both need to determine whether they should advertise. For each company advertising costs Rs 20, 00,000 and captures Rs 30, 00, 000 from the competitor provided the competitor doesn’t advertise. What should the companies do?

OUTCOMES:

- Understand and apply linear programming to solve operational problem with constraints
- Apply transportation and assignment models to find optimal solution
- Prepare project scheduling using PERT and CPM
- Identify and analyze appropriate queueing models to reduce the waiting time in queue.
- Choose the best strategy using decision making methods under game theory.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. Taha H.A., "Operations Research: An Introduction", 10th Edition, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2017
2. KantiSwarup, P.K. Gupta, Man Mohan, "Operations Research", 15th Revised Edition, S. Chand & Sons Education Publications, New Delhi, 2017
3. Ronald L Rardin, Optimization In Operations Research, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, India, 2018
4. Jatinder Kumar, Optimization Techniques in Operations Research, LAP LAMBERT Academic Publishing, 2015
5. D.S.Hira and P.K.Gupta, Operations Research, 5th Edition, S.Chand & Sons, 2015.

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs

COs/POs & PSOs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1	√	√	√	√					√					
CO2	√	√	√	√	√								√	
CO3	√	√	√	√	√		√	√			√	√	√	
CO4	√	√	√	√	√	√		√					√	
CO5	√	√	√	√	√				√				√	

MC4008

BUSINESS DATA ANALYTICS

L T P C

3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of business analytics and its life cycle.
- To gain knowledge about fundamental business analytics.
- To learn modeling for uncertainty and statistical inference.
- To understand analytics using Hadoop and Map Reduce frameworks.
- To acquire insight on other analytical frameworks.

UNIT I OVERVIEW OF BUSINESS ANALYTICS

9

Introduction – Drivers for Business Analytics – Applications of Business Analytics: Marketing and Sales, Human Resource, Healthcare, Product Design, Service Design, Customer Service and Support – Skills Required for a Business Analyst – Framework for Business Analytics Life Cycle for Business Analytics Process.

UNIT II ESSENTIALS OF BUSINESS ANALYTICS

9

Descriptive Statistics – Using Data – Types of Data – Data Distribution Metrics: Frequency, Mean, Median, Mode, Range, Variance, Standard Deviation, Percentile, Quartile, z-Score, Covariance, Correlation – Data Visualization: Tables, Charts, Line Charts, Bar and Column Chart, Bubble Chart, Heat Map – Data Dashboards.

UNIT III MODELING UNCERTAINTY AND STATISTICAL INFERENCE 9

Modeling Uncertainty: Events and Probabilities – Conditional Probability – Random Variables – Discrete Probability Distributions – Continuous Probability Distribution – Statistical Inference: Data Sampling – Selecting a Sample – Point Estimation – Sampling Distributions – Interval Estimation – Hypothesis Testing.

UNIT IV ANALYTICS USING HADOOP AND MAPREDUCE FRAMEWORK 9

Introducing Hadoop – RDBMS versus Hadoop – Hadoop Overview – HDFS (Hadoop Distributed File System) – Processing Data with Hadoop – Introduction to MapReduce – Features of MapReduce – Algorithms Using Map-Reduce: Matrix-Vector Multiplication, Relational Algebra Operations, Grouping and Aggregation – Extensions to MapReduce

UNIT V OTHER DATA ANALYTICAL FRAMEWORKS 9

Overview of Application development Languages for Hadoop – PigLatin – Hive – Hive Query Language (HQL) – Introduction to Pentaho, JAQL – Introduction to Apache: Sqoop, Drill and Spark, Cloudera Impala – Introduction to NoSQL Databases – Hbase and MongoDB.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. Study on some application of Business analytics in organizations of any domain
2. Study the statistics and data visualization charts of sales data like Amazon using R
3. Study on new strategies derived using data analytic tools on some business data set available and its impact on company progress
4. Prepare a report on the use of Hadoop framework in any two companies
5. Compare and contrast the various Data Analytical Frameworks

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- Identify the real world business problems and model with analytical solutions.
- Solve analytical problems with relevant mathematics background knowledge.
- Convert any real world decision making problem to hypothesis and apply suitable statistical testing.
- Write and Demonstrate simple applications involving analytics using Hadoop and MapReduce
- Use open source frameworks for modeling and storing data

REFERENCES

1. U. Dinesh Kumar, "Business Analytics: The Science of Data-Driven Decision Making", Wiley, First Edition, 2017.
2. Umesh R Hodeghatta, Umesha Nayak, "Business Analytics Using R – A Practical Approach", Apress, First Edition 2017.
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4. Rui Miguel Forte, "Mastering Predictive Analytics with R", Packt Publication, First Edition 2015.
5. Vignesh Prajapati, "Big Data Analytics with R and Hadoop", Packt Publishing, First Edition 2013.
6. Anand Rajaraman, Jeffrey David Ullman, "Mining of Massive Datasets", Cambridge University Press, First Edition 2012.
7. A. Ohri, "R for Business Analytics", Springer, First Edition, 2012

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO 1	√	√	√	√	√	√			√	√		√		
CO 2	√	√	√	√	√				√	√		√	√	√
CO 3	√	√	√	√	√				√	√		√	√	√
CO 4	√	√	√	√	√				√	√		√	√	√
CO 5	√	√	√	√	√				√	√	√	√	√	√

MC4009

MICROSERVICES AND DEVOPS

**L T P C
3 0 0 3**

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce Microservices and Containers. .
- To understand the key concepts and principles of DevOps
- To be familiar with most common DevOps tools
- To explain the business benefits of DevOps and continuous delivery.
- To recall specific DevOps methodologies and frameworks

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MICROSERVICES

9

Definition of Microservices – Characteristics - Microservices and Containers – Interacting with Other Services – Monitoring and Securing the Services – Containerized Services – Deploying on Cloud

UNIT II MICROSERVICES ARCHITECTURE

9

Monolithic architecture- Microservices architectural style- Benefits - Drawbacks of Microservices architectural style - decomposing monolithic applications into Microservices

UNIT III DevOps Tools

9

History of DevOps- DevOps and Software Development Life Cycle – Waterfall Model _Agile Model – DevOps LifeCycle – DevOps Tools: distributed version of control tool **Git**- Automation testing tools- **Selenium** – report generation –**TestNG** – User Acceptance Testing – **Jenkins**

UNIT V MICROSERVICES IN DEVOPS ENVIRONMENT

9

Evolution of Microservices and DevOps – Benefits of combining DevOps and Microservices- working of DevOps and Microservices in Cloud environment - DevOps Pipeline representation for a NodeJS based Microservices

UNIT V VELOCITY AND CONTINUOUS DELIVERY

9

Velocity - Delivery Pipeline- test stack - Small/Unit Test – medium /integration testing – system testing- Job of Development and DevOps - Job of Test and DevOps – Job of Op and Devops- Infrastructure and the job of Ops

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

- Write your understanding about Microservices and how it works. How you deploy Microservices on cloud.
- Discuss about Microservices Architecture.
- Write a report on about DevOps tools
- Explaining the benefits of combining DevOps.and Microservices with case study
- Describe continuous integration and continuous delivery by taking a case study

OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students will be able to:

- to select the Microservices design and apply the principles..
- Apply Microservices in DevOps
- Understand about DevOps and the common tools used in DevOps.
- Develop and integrate projects using DevOps
- Deploy and monitor projects using DevOps

REFERENCES

1. Namit Tanasseri, RahulRai, Microservices with Azure, 1st Edition, Packt Publishing, UK, 2017
2. Eberhard Wolff, Microservices: Flexible Software Architecture, 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2017
3. James A Scott, A Practical Guide to Microservices and Containers, MapR Data Technologies e – book. <https://mapr.com/ebook/microservices-and-containers/assets/microservices-and-containers.pdf>
4. Joyner Joseph, Devops for Beginners, First Edition, MihailsKonoplovs publisher, 2015.
5. Gene Kim, Kevin Behr, George Spafford, The Phoenix Project, A Novel about IT, DevOps, 5th Edition, IT Revolution Press, 2018 .
6. Michael Hüttermann, DevOps for Developers, 1st Edition, APress, e-book, 2012.

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs														
COs/POs & PSOs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO3
CO1	√	√										√		
CO2	√	√			√	√							√	√
CO3	√	√			√								√	√
CO4			√	√		√	√	√				√	√	√
CO5	√	√				√	√	√	√			√	√	√

MC4010

ADVANCES IN NETWORKING

LT PC

3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the theme underlying IPv6 Structure and addressing methods
- To understand and analyze the protocols for IPv6 Implementation
- To identify and provide solutions for QoS and Security Issues with IPv6
- To learn about Software Defined concepts, architectures, protocols and applications
- To explore the significance of Network Function Virtualization

4. Oswald Coker, Siamak Azodolmolky, "Software-Defined Networking with OpenFlow", Second Edition, Packt Publishing, 2017.
5. Paul Goransson, Chuck Black, "Software Defined Networks: A Comprehensive Approach", Morgan Kaufmann Publisher, First Edition 2014.
6. Thomas D. Nadeau, Ken Gray, "SDN: Software Defined Networks, An Authoritative Review of Network Programmability Technologies", O'Reilly Media, First Edition August 2013.

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CO1		√						√	√			√		
CO2		√		√				√	√		√	√		
CO3		√						√	√		√			
CO4		√						√	√			√	√	
CO5		√		√	√	√		√	√			√	√	√

MC4011

DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING

L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- Learn digital image fundamentals.
- Be exposed to simple image processing techniques.
- Learn to represent image enhancement in the spatial and frequency domain.
- Be familiar with image segmentation and compression techniques

UNIT I DIGITAL IMAGE FUNDAMENTALS 9

Elements of visual perception, Image Acquisition Systems, Sampling and Quantization, Image Formation, Image Geometry, Different types of digital images. Relationship between pixels, Basic concepts of distance transform, Color Image fundamentals-RGB-HIS Models, Different color models-conversion.

UNIT II IMAGE TRANSFORMS 9

1D Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT), 2D transforms – DFT, Discrete Cosine Transform, Walsh and PCA

UNIT III IMAGE ENHANCEMENT 9

Gray Level transformations, Histogram Equalization, Spatial Domain: Basics of Spatial Filtering: smoothing and sharpening spatial filters.
Frequency domain: smoothing and sharpening frequency domain filters, Ideal, Gaussian filters.

UNIT IV IMAGE SEGMENTATION AND FEATURE EXTRACTION 9

Segmentation: Point detection, line detection, edge detection, Region based segmentation, Region Splitting and Merging Technique. Thresholding Techniques: multilevel thresholding, optimal thresholding using Bayesian classification. Feature Extraction: GLCM, Hough Transform, Morphological operation

UNIT V IMAGE COMPRESSION

9

Lossy and lossless compression schemes, prediction based compression schemes, sub-band encoding schemes, JPEG compression standard, Fractal compression scheme, Wavelet compression scheme

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. Compute the GLCM Gray Level Co-occurrence Matrix matrix at ($d=1, \theta=0^\circ$) for the image of size $n \times n$ and derive the possible features from the GLCM matrix.
2. For the given 3×3 input matrix, perform histogram equalization (Assume the image is 5 bit)
3. Classify an image 8×8 into 3 classes using K- means clustering.
4. Tools – OpenCV/ Python / Matlab Trial Version
5. To read, view any image and convert a color image (peppers.png) into greyscale image, binary Image.
6. To obtain Discrete Cosine transform of any grey scale image (eg: cameraman.tiff).
7. Apply Principal Component Analysis (PCA) transform of any color image (eg: peppers.png) and prove that it reduces the dimensionality of the data.
8. By using (GLCM), extract the different features of any image (cameraman.tiff) like energy feature
9. Segment any image (peppers.png) by using thresholding, and compute Euclidean distance for classifying using k-NN classifier.

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to

- digitize the input image using appropriate sampling and quantizing techniques
- Transform the input images to various domains and classify the images
- enhance the images using spatial domain and frequency domain for better visual representation
- To extract the features of a image by applying Morphological Image Processing techniques.
- Analyze the different image compression techniques and its significance

REFERENCES

1. Rafael C.Gonzalez and Richard E.Woods, "Digital Image Processing", 4th Edition, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2018
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CO1		√			√	√						√		
CO2		√			√	√		√	√			√	√	
CO3	√	√			√				√			√	√	
CO4	√	√	√	√	√				√			√	√	
CO5	√	√			√				√				√	

MC4012

SOCIAL NETWORK ANALYTICS

L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To gain knowledge about social networks, its structure and their data sources.
- To study about the knowledge representation technologies for social network analysis.
- To analyze the data left behind in social networks.
- To gain knowledge about the community-maintained social media resources.
- To learn about the visualization of social networks.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO SEMANTIC WEB 9

The development of Semantic Web – Emergence of the Social Web – The Development of Social Network Analysis – Basic Graph Theoretical Concepts of Social Network Analysis – Electronic Sources for Network Analysis – Electronic Discussion Networks, Blogs and Online Communities

UNIT II KNOWLEDGE REPRESENTATION ON THE SEMANTIC WEB 9

Ontology-based knowledge Representation – Ontology languages for the Semantic Web: RDF and OWL

UNIT III SOCIAL NETWORK MINING 9

Detecting Communities in Social Network – Evaluating Communities –Methods for Community Detection – Applications of Community Mining Algorithms – Tools for detecting communities – Application: Mining Facebook

UNIT IV COMMUNITY MAINTAINED SOCIAL MEDIA RESOURCES 9

Community Maintained Resources – Supporting technologies for community maintained resources– User motivations-Location based social interaction – location technology– mobile location sharing – Automated recommender system

UNIT V VISUALIZATION OF SOCIAL NETWORKS 9

Visualization of Social Networks - Node-Edge Diagrams – Random Layout – Force-Directed Layout – Tree Layout – Matrix Representations –Matrix and Node-Link Diagrams– Visualizing Online Social Networks

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. Create complex topologies for a social network (Eg: Society of Friends (Quakers) https://programminghistorian.org/assets/exploring-and-analyzing-network-data-with-python/quakers_nodelist.csv) using an open source library (NetworkX) and analyse multiple metrics (Node degree, Node strength, Average path length, Clustering coefficient, Node centralities and Ego-betweenness centrality).
2. Describe the steps in Ontology development using Uniform Modeling Language. Also discuss how to interact with the ontology by extending UML.
3. Collect different types of data from Twitter by using an open source library (Tweepy) and build your own Twitter data crawler.
4. Discuss about community welfare application in social network analysis using an open source tool (Gephi).
5. Consider a data set (eg: Flavor Network <https://github.com/lingcheng99/Flavor-Network/tree/master/data>). Transform mathematical representations of the given network (adjacency matrix) with features (eg: flavour compounds) into a graphical representation (Node-Edge Diagrams).

OUTCOMES:

Up on completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- create entities and relationships of data as network and do analysis
- Model and represent knowledge for social semantic Web.
- Use extraction and mining tools for analyzing Social networks.
- Collect data from various social media resources and analyse.
- Develop personalized visualization for Social networks.

REFERENCES

1. Matthew A. Russell, "Mining the Social Web: Data Mining Facebook, Twitter, LinkedIn, Google+, Github and more", O'REILLY, Third Edition, 2018.
2. Charu Aggarwal, "Social Network Data Analytics," Springer, First Edition, 2014
3. Jennifer Golbeck, "Analyzing the social web", Waltham, MA: Morgan Kaufmann (Elsevier), First Edition, 2013.
4. Borko Furht, "Handbook of Social Network Technologies and Applications", Springer, First Edition, 2010
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CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO 1	√												√	
CO 2	√	√		√	√				√			√	√	√
CO 3	√	√		√	√	√							√	√
CO 4		√	√		√		√		√	√	√			
CO 5	√	√		√	√	√	√			√		√	√	√

OBJECTIVES:

To understand the basics of Blockchain

- To understand the basics of Cryptocurrency
- To understand the working of digital tokens and wallets
- To understand the working of contracts
- To understand the working of block chain platforms

UNIT I OVERVIEW OF BLOCKCHAIN: 9

Why Blockchain - The Structure of Blockchain - Data Structure of Blockchain - Data Distribution in Blockchain - Block Validation. **Block Validators:** Consensus - Proof of Work – Proof of Stake - Proof of Activity - Proof of Elapsed Time - Proof of Burn

UNIT II CRYPTOCURRENCY 9

Bitcoin: Bitcoin Working - Bitcoin Transactions - Bitcoin Mining - Value of Bitcoin - Community, Politics and Regulations – Advantages – Disadvantages. **Ethereum:** Overview – Decentralized Application. **Components of Ethereum:** Smart contracts – Ether - Ethereum Clients - Ethereum Virtual Machine – Etherscripter

UNIT III DEVELOPMENT FRAMEWORKS 9

Digital Tokens: Overview - Initial Coin Offering – OmiseGO – EOS – Tether. **Meta Mask:** Wallet Seed – Meta Mask Transactions. **Mist:** Overview - Mist wallet. **Truffle:** Features of Truffle – Development Truffle boxes - Community truffle box.

UNIT IV HYPERLEDGER 9

Hyperledger Fabric: Introduction - Fabric v/s Ethereum – Hyperledger Iroha - Features of Iroha. **Hyperledger Sawtooth:** Components of sawtooth - Proof of Elapsed time.

UNIT V BLOCKCHAIN PLATFORMS 9

Multichain - HydraChain. **Future Blockchain:** IOTA – Corda - Chain Core. **Blockchain Framework:** CoCo Framework – Tierion – BigchainDB.

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

- Discuss that Blockchain is itself a data structure. Mention the type of data structure in Blockchain. How data distribution happens in Blockchain?
- Write your understanding about Bitcoin and how to create our own Cryptocurrency.
- Compare OmiseGO, EOS and Tether.
- Write the features and applications of Hyperledger Fabric in Blockchain Technology.
- Explore Blockchain platforms.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to

- Identify Block Chain as Data structure and Distribution Data
- Implement the transactions of Crypto currency
- identify the different ways to achieve Block chain Technology
- Design and build smart contracts
- Use smart contract for real world application in a Blockchain Platform

REFERENCES

1. Josh Thompson, 'Blockchain: The Blockchain for Beginnings, Guide to BlockchainTechnology and Blockchain Programming', Create Space Independent Publishing Platform, 1st Edition, 2017.
2. Arvind Narayanan, Joseph Bonneau, Edward Felten, Andrew Miller, and Steven Goldfeder. Bitcoin and cryptocurrency technologies: a comprehensive introduction. 1st Edition, Princeton University Press, 2016.
3. Joseph Bonneau et al, SoK: Research perspectives and challenges for Bitcoin and cryptocurrency, IEEE Symposium on security and Privacy, 1st Edition, 2015.
4. Antony Lewis, The Basics of Bitcoins and Blockchains: An Introduction to Cryptocurrencies and the Technology that Powers Them, Mango Publishing group, 2018
5. Tiana Laurence, Introduction to Blockchain Technology, 1st Edition, Van Haren Publishing, 2019.

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs														
COs/POs & PSOs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	√	√										√		
CO2	√	√		√	√	√			√			√		
CO3	√	√		√	√	√			√	√		√	√	
CO4	√	√		√	√	√		√	√		√	√	√	√
CO5	√	√		√	√	√			√		√		√	

MC4014

BIO INSPIRED COMPUTING

L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To Learn bio-inspired theorem and algorithms
- To Understand random walk and simulated annealing
- To Learn genetic algorithm and differential evolution
- To Learn swarm optimization and ant colony for feature selection
- To understand bio-inspired application in various fields

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Introduction to algorithm - Newton ' s method - optimization algorithm - No-Free-Lunch Theorems - Nature-Inspired Metaheuristics -Analysis of Algorithms -Nature Inspired Algorithms - Parameter tuning and parameter control

UNIT II RANDOM WALK AND ANNEALING

9

Random variables - Isotropic random walks - Levy distribution and flights - Markov chains - step sizes and search efficiency - Modality and intermittent search strategy - importance of randomization- Eagle strategy-Annealing and Boltzmann Distribution - parameters -SA algorithm - Stochastic Tunneling

UNIT III GENETIC ALGORITHMS AND DIFFERENTIAL EVOLUTION

9

Introduction to genetic algorithms and - role of genetic operators - choice of parameters - GA variants - schema theorem - convergence analysis - introduction to differential evolution - variants - choice of parameters - convergence analysis - implementation.

UNIT IV SWARM OPTIMIZATION AND FIREFLY ALGORITHM**9**

Swarm intelligence - PSO algorithm - accelerated PSO - implementation - convergence analysis - binary PSO - The Firefly algorithm - algorithm analysis - implementation - variants- Ant colony optimization toward feature selection

UNIT V APPLICATIONS OF BIO INSPIRED COMPUTING**9**

Improved Weighted Threshold Histogram Equalization Algorithm for Digital Image Contrast Enhancement Using Bat Algorithm - Ground Glass Opacity Nodules Detection and Segmentation using Snake Model - Mobile Object Tracking Using Cuckoo Search- Bio inspired algorithms in cloud computing- Wireless Sensor Networks using Bio inspired Algorithms

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:**

1. Identify problems with domains where Bio inspired computing will be most suitable to find a solution
2. Identify the applications of Random walk
3. List out the applications of Genetic algorithms in AI and machine learning
4. Apply swarm intelligence and Firefly algorithm to find an optimal solution for a problem Compare their efficiency and accuracy
5. Try to implement a Bio inspired computing in Networks/Biomedical/Cloud computing applications to obtain an optimal solution

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students should be able to

- Implement and apply bio-inspired algorithms
- Explain random walk and simulated annealing
- Implement and apply genetic algorithms
- Explain swarm intelligence and ant colony for feature selection
- Apply bio-inspired techniques in various fields

REFERENCES

1. Eiben,A.E.Smith,James E, "Introduction to Evolutionary Computing", Springer 2ndEdition2015.
2. Helio J.C. Barbosa, "Ant Colony Optimization - Techniques and Applications", IntechFirstEdition,2013
3. Xin-She Yang , Joao Paulo papa, "Bio-Inspired Computing and Applications in Image Processing",ElsevierFirst Edition, 2016
4. Xin-She Yang, "Nature Inspired Optimization Algorithm",Elsevier First Edition 2014
5. Yang ,Cui,Xlao,Gandomi,Karamanoglu,"Swarm Intelligence and Bio-Inspired Computing", Elsevier First Edition 2013

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CO 1	√	√	√	√	√				√			√	√	√
CO 2	√	√	√	√	√				√				√	
CO 3	√	√	√	√	√				√				√	√
CO 4	√	√	√	√	√		√		√	√	√	√	√	
CO 5	√	√	√	√	√	√	√		√	√			√	√

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the difference between Traditional Marketing and digital Marketing
- To understand and analyze the search engine functions
- To develop a deep knowledge about the Digital marketing platforms and the theoretical aspects of creating a website
- To analyze inbuilt tools for digital Marketing

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO DIGITAL MARKETING 9

What is Digital Marketing- Need of Digital Marketing-Digital Marketing Platforms – Understanding digital marketing process- Difference between Traditional Marketing and digital Marketing- tools of Digital marketing - Advantage of Digital Marketing-Digital Marketing Manager Role and functions - How we use both Digital & Traditional Marketing

UNIT II WEBSITE & SEARCH ENGINE 9

Website –Hosting and Domain– Different platforms for website creation- Introduction to SERP- What are search engines- How search engines work- Major functions of a search engine- What are keywords -Different types of keywords- Google keyword planner tool.

UNIT III MISC TOOLS- GOOGLE WEBMASTER TOOLS 9

Site Map Creators- Browser-based analysis tools-Page Rank tools-pinging & indexing tools- Dead links identification tools- Open site explorer Domain information/ whois tools- Quick sprout

UNIT IV LEAD MANAGEMENT & DIGITAL MARKETING 9

Web to lead forms- Web to case forms- Lead generation techniques- Leads are everywhere- Social media and lead gen Inbuilt tools for Digital Marketing-Ip Tracker- CPC reduction (in case of paid ads) Group posting on Social Media platforms

UNIT V TRENDING DIGITAL MARKETING SKILLS 9

Search Engine Optimization(SEO)-Search Engine Marketing(SEM).-Social Media Marketing/Optimization- Email Marketing. Website :Product Marketing- Content Writing. Marketing the created content online Copywriting- Blogging- Local Marketing. Google Ad Words - Campaign Management- PPC Advertising- Affiliate Marketing. Mobile and SMS Marketing- Marketing Automation-Web Analytics- Growth Hacking

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. Subscribe to a weekly/quarterly newsletter and analyze how it's content and structure aid with the branding of the company and how it aids its potential customer segments.
2. Perform keyword search for a skincare hospital website based on search volume and competition using Google keyword planner tool.
3. Demonstrate how to use the Google WebMasters Indexing API
4. Discuss an interesting case study regarding how an insurance company manages leads.
5. Discuss negative and positive impacts and ethical implications of using social media for political advertising.
6. Discuss how Predictive analytics is impacting marketing automation.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**OUTCOMES:**

- To gain insight on the concept of digital marketing and the role of a digital manager.
- To understand and administer the website and the search engines.
- To understand how to use MISC and Google Webmaster tools.
- To understand the concepts of lead management and digital marketing.
- To gain knowledge on the latest digital marketing trends

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1. Chaffey, D. (2019). Digital marketing strategy, Implementation and Practice. Pearson
2. Chaffey, D., & Smith, P. R. (2017). Digital marketing excellence: planning, optimizing and integrating online marketing. Taylor & Francis. ·
3. Kaufman, I., & Horton, C. (2014). Digital marketing: Integrating strategy and tactics with values, a guidebook for executives, managers, and students. Routledge.
4. Royle, J., & Laing, A. (2014). The digital marketing skills gap: Developing a Digital Marketer Model for the communication industries. International Journal of Information Management, 34(2), 65-73.
5. Dodson, I. (2016). The art of digital marketing: the definitive guide to creating strategic, targeted, and measurable online campaigns. John Wiley & Sons.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO 1			√	√			√							
CO 2		√		√	√				√				√	
CO 3		√	√	√	√			√	√			√	√	
CO 4		√	√	√			√		√	√				
CO 5		√		√	√			√	√		√		√	

MC4016

SOFTWARE ARCHITECTURE

**L T P C
3 0 0 3**

OBJECTIVES:

- Understand software architectural requirements and drivers
- Be exposed to architectural styles and views
- Be familiar with architectures for emerging technologies

UNIT I INTRODUCTION AND ARCHITECTURAL DRIVERS 9

Introduction – Software architecture - Architectural structures – Influence of software architecture on organization - both business and technical – Architecture Business Cycle- Functional requirements – Technical constraints – Quality Attributes

UNIT II QUALITY ATTRIBUTE WORKSHOP 9

Quality Attribute Workshop – Documenting Quality Attributes – Six part scenarios – Case studies.

UNIT III ARCHITECTURAL VIEWS 9

Introduction – Standard Definitions for views – Structures and views – Representing views-available notations – Standard views – 4+1 view of RUP, Siemens 4 views, SEI’s perspectives and views – Case studies

UNIT IV ARCHITECTURAL STYLES

9

Introduction – Data flow styles – Call-return styles – Shared Information styles – Event styles – Case studies for each style

UNIT V DOCUMENTING THE ARCHITECTURE

9

Good practices – Documenting the Views using UML – Merits and Demerits of using visual languages – Need for formal languages – Architectural Description Languages – ACME – Case studies. Special topics: SOA and Web services – Cloud Computing – Adaptive structures

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. List the stakeholders for a software architecture. How do project managers, chief technical officers, chief information officers, analysts, customers, and users fit into your list?
2. Which quality attributes tend to be the most important to systems in your organization? How are those attributes specified? How does the architect know what they are, what they mean, and what precise levels of each are required?
3. Software architecture is often compared to building architecture. What are the strong points of this comparison? What is the correspondence in buildings to software architecture structures and views? To patterns? What are the weaknesses of the comparison? When does it break down?
4. How does a UML class diagram relate to the styles discussed? Does that diagram show decomposition, uses, generalization, or another combination?
5. You are a new hire to a project. Lay out a sequence of documentation you would like to have to acquaint you with your new position

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

Upon Completion of the course, the students will be able to

- Explain influence of software architecture on business and technical activities
- Summarize quality attribute workshop
- Identify key architectural structures
- Use styles and views to specify architecture
- Design document for a given architecture

REFERENCES

1. Len Bass, Paul Clements, and Rick Kazman, "Software Architectures Principles and Practices", 2ⁿ Edition, Addison-Wesley, 2003.
2. Anthony J Lattanze, "Architecting Software Intensive System. A Practitioner's Guide", 1st Edition, Auerbach Publications, 2010.
3. Paul Clements, Felix Bachmann, Len Bass, David Garlan, James Ivers, Reed Little, Paulo Merson, Robert Nord, and Judith Stafford, "Documenting Software Architectures. Views and Beyond", 2nd Edition, Addison-Wesley, 2010
4. Paul Clements, Rick Kazman, and Mark Klein, "Evaluating software architectures: Methods and case studies.", 1st Edition, Addison-Wesley, 2001.
5. Mark Hansen, "SOA Using Java Web Services", 1st Edition, Prentice Hall, 2007
6. David Garlan, Bradley Schmerl, and Shang-Wen Cheng, "Software Architecture-Based Self-Adaptation," 31-56. Mieso K Denko, Laurence Tianruo Yang, and Yan Zang (eds.), "Autonomic Computing and Networking". 1st Edition, Springer Verlag 2009.

COs/POs & PSOs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO3
CO1		√	√			√		√			√	√		
CO2	√	√							√					
CO3	√	√		√	√						√	√		
CO4	√	√						√				√	√	
CO5	√	√	√					√						

MC4017

DIGITAL FORENSICS

**L T P C
3 0 0 3**

OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the security issues network layer and transport layer.
- To be exposed to security issues of the application layer.
- To be familiar with forensics tools.
- To analyze and validate forensics data.
- To perform digital forensic analysis based on the investigator's position.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9

Digital Forensics – Uses- Digital Forensics Process – Locard's Exchange Principle – Scientific Method – Role of Forensic examiner in Judicial System – Key technical concepts – Bits, bytes and numbering schemes- File extension and file signatures – Storage and memory- computing environment - Legal, Professional and Ethical aspects of Cyber Forensics

UNIT II ANTI-FORENSICS & LEGAL

9

Introduction – Hiding data – Password attacks – Additional resources – Steganography – Data destruction. Legal: Fourth Amendment – Criminal law-searches without a warrant – searching with a warrant- Electronic discovery-Expert testimony

UNIT III EVIDENCE COLLECTION

9

Evidence Collection – Collection option – Obstacles – Types of Evidence – The rules of Evidence – General Procedure – Collection and archiving – Methods of collection – Artifacts – Collection steps – Controlling Contamination: The Chain of Custody Duplication and Preservation of Digital Evidence: Preserving the digital Crime Scene – Computer Evidence processing steps - Legal Aspects of Collecting and Preserving Computer Forensic Evidence - Computer Image Verification and Authentication.

UNIT IV COMPUTER FORENSICS

9

Introduction to Traditional Computer Crime, Traditional problems associated with Computer Crime. Introduction to Identity Theft & Identity Fraud. Types of CF techniques – Incident and incident response methodology – Forensic duplication and investigation. Preparation for IR: Creating response tool kit and IR team. – Forensics Technology and Systems – Understanding Computer Investigation – Data Acquisition

UNIT V NETWORK FORENSICS & MOBILE DEVICE FORENSICS

9

Introduction – Network fundamentals – Network Security tools – Network evidence and investigations. Mobile device forensics: Cellular Network – Cell phone evidence – Cell phone forensic tools- Global Positioning systems.

OUTCOMES

Upon Completion of the course, the students will be able to

- Understand the digital forensic process and to play the role of forensic examiner.
- Include the Legal amendments in the analysis of the digital forensic process
- Demonstrate evidence collection related to digital forensic process
- Explore the computer forensics, network forensics and mobile device forensics.
- Use the forensics tools for real world problem

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES

1. Illustrate with an example about file signature. Why file signature is important in digital forensics.
2. Explore the legal Fourth amendment related to criminal laws in digital forensics. Write about searching and seizing computers, laptops, and other electronic gadgets as an evidence in Criminal Investigations
3. Describe legal aspects of collecting and preserving computer forensic evidence.
4. Explain the steps involved in incident response methodology.
5. Give the guidelines for mobile device forensics. Why mobile forensic is important?

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. John Sammons, The Basics of Digital Forensics The Primer for Getting Started in Digital Forensics, Second Edition, Syngress, 2015.
2. Bill Nelson, Amelia Phillips, Christopher Steuart, Guide to Computer Forensics and Investigations, 1st Edition, Cengage Learning, 2014
3. Cory Altheide and Harlan Carvey, —Digital Forensics with Open Source Tools, 1st Edition, Elsevier publication, April 2011.
4. Nihad A. Hassan, Digital Forensics Basics: A Practical Guide Using Windows OS, 1st Edition, APress, 2019
5. Thomas J. Holt, Adam M. Bossler, K.C. Seigfried – Spellar, Cybercrime and Digital Forensics An Introduction, 1st Edition, Taylor and Francis, New York, 2015.
6. Darren R. Hayes, A Practical Guide to Digital Forensics Investigations, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2020.

COs/POs & PSOs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	√	√						√	√					
CO2	√	√						√	√					
CO3	√	√			√			√	√			√		
CO4	√	√	√	√	√	√			√				√	
CO5	√	√			√	√		√				√	√	√

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made:

- To understand the concept about Wireless networks, protocol stack and standards
- To understand and analyse the network layer solutions for Wireless networks
- To study about fundamentals of 3G Services, its protocols and applications
- To learn about evolution of 4G Networks, its architecture and applications
- To explore the architecture of 5G, 5G Modulation Schemes and to analyse the concept of MIMO and other research areas in 5G

UNIT I WIRELESS LAN 9

Introduction-WLAN technologies: Infrared, UHF narrowband, spread spectrum, IEEE802.11: System architecture, protocol architecture, 802.11b, 802.11a – Hiper LAN: WATM, BRAN, HiperLAN2 – Bluetooth: Architecture, WPAN – IEEE 802.15.4, Wireless USB, Zigbee, 6LoWPAN, WirelessHART- IEEE802.16-WIMAX: Physical layer, MAC, Spectrum allocation for WIMAX

UNIT II MOBILE NETWORK LAYER 9

Introduction - Mobile IP: IP packet delivery, Agent discovery, tunneling and encapsulation, IPV6- Network layer in the internet- Mobile IP session initiation protocol - mobile ad-hoc network: Routing: Destination-Sequenced Distance-Vector (DSDV), Dynamic source routing, IoT: CoAP. TCP enhancements for wireless protocols

UNIT III 3G OVERVIEW 9

Overview of UTM Terrestrial Radio access network-UMTS Core network Architecture: 3G-MSC, 3G-SGSN, 3G-GGSN, 3GPP Architecture, SMS-GMSC/SMS-IW MSC, Firewall, DNS/DHCP-High speed Downlink packet access (HSDPA)- LTE network architecture and protocol, User equipment, CDMA2000 overview- Radio and Network components, Network structure, Radio Network, TD-CDMA, TD – SCDMA

UNIT IV 4G NETWORKS 9

Introduction – 4G vision – 4G features and challenges - Applications of 4G – 4G Technologies: Cognitive Radio, IMS Architecture, LTE, Advanced Broadband Wireless Access and Services, MVNO.

UNIT V 5G NETWORKS 9

Introduction to 5G, vision and challenges, 5G NR – New Radio – air interface of 5G, radio access, Ultra-Dense Network Architecture and Technologies for 5G- Generalized frequency division multicarrier (GFDM)- Principles, Transceiver Block diagram-MIMO in LTE, Theoretical background, Single user MIMO, Multi-user MIMO, Capacity of massive MIMO: a summary, Basic forms of massive MIMO implementation.

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. Build a simple WLAN Topology using ns-3 scripting or CORE GUI
2. Performance Analysis of MANET Routing Protocols using ns3 or INET Framework
3. 5G NR Network Simulation using Simu 5G or 5G-LENA
4. Describe some problems with Wi-Fi access for an apartment building and explain how it can be rectified.
5. Study error and throughput varies in a wireless LAN network changes as the distance between the Access Point and the wireless nodes is varied with NetSim or any Simulation tool

- Study how call blocking probability varies as the load on GSM network increases continuously

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Select a wireless network environment for an application based on factors like distance etc
- Implement Packet Delivery from source to destination in a mobile network
- Select 3G wireless technology and protocol based on the requirement
- Understand various 4G networking technologies and their unique functionalities
- Get an overview of the implementation latest network Architecture , its principles and evolution

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- Jochen Schiller, Mobile Communications, Second Edition, Pearson Education 2012.
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- Saad Z Asif, "5G Mobile Communication,Concepts and Challenges", First EditionCRC Press
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CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO 2	PSO3
CO 1	√	√		√	√				√			√	√	
CO 2		√	√		√						√	√	√	
CO 3	√	√	√										√	
CO 4	√	√	√		√	√			√		√	√	√	
CO 5	√	√	√	√	√				√		√		√	

MC4019

DATA VISUALIZATION TECHNIQUES

L T P C

3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the categories of data quality principles.
- To describe data through visual representation.
- To provide basic knowledge about how large datasets are represented into visual graphics and easily understand the complex relationships within the data.
- To design effective visualization techniques for any different problems

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Visualization – visualization process – role of cognition – Pseudocode conventions – Scatter plot - Data foundation : Types of data - Structure within and between records - Data preprocessing – Human perceptions and information processing

UNIT II VISUALIZATION FOUNDATIONS 9

Semiology of graphical Symbols – Eight Visual Variables – Historical Perspective- Visualization Techniques for spatial data – One-dimensional data- two dimensional data – Three dimensional data- dynamic data – combining techniques- Visualization of Geospatial data – Visualization of Point, line, area data

UNIT III DESIGNING EFFECTIVE VISUALIZATION 9

Steps in Designing Visualization – problems in Designing Effective Visualization – Comparing and evaluating visualization techniques – Visualization Systems

UNIT IV INFORMATION DASHBOARD DESIGN 9

Characteristics of dashboards – Key goals in visual design process – Dashboard display media – Designing dashboards for usability – Meaningful organization – Maintaining consistency – Aesthetics of dashboards – Testing for usability – Case Studies: Sales dashboard, Marketing analysis dashboard

UNIT V VISUALIZATION SYSTEMS 9

Systems based on Data type-systems based on Analysis type – Text analysis and visualization – Modern integrated visualization systems – toolkit-Research directions in visualization – issues of cognition, perception and reasoning –issues of evaluation - issues of Hardware.

Suggested Activities

1. Brief about Data Visualization with tools and techniques involved. Write its application in Data Analytics.
2. Discuss about visualization technique for two-dimensional data
3. Explore the steps involved in designing effective visualization.
4. Create a dashboard using visualization techniques for road accidents in TamilNadu
5. Summarize Visualization Toolkit and discuss by taking a case study.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course the student should be able to:

- Describe principles of visual perception
- Apply visualization techniques for various data analysis tasks – numerical data
- Apply visualization techniques for various data analysis tasks – Non numerical data
- Design effective visualization techniques for different problems
- Design information dashboard

REFERENCES

1. Matthew O. Ward , Georges Grinstein , Daniel Keim “Interactive Data Visualization: Foundations, Techniques, and Applications”, CRC Press; 2nd edition, 2015
2. Stephen Few, "Now you see it: Simple Visualization Techniques for Quantitative Analysis", 1st Edition, Analytics Press, 2009.
3. Stephen Few, "Information Dashboard Design: The Effective Visual Communication of Data", 1st Edition, O'Reilly, 2006.
4. Ben Fry, "Visualizing data: Exploring and explaining data with the processing environment", 1st Edition, O'Reilly, 2013.

5. Andy Kirk, "Data Visualization: A Handbook for Data Driven Design", 2nd Edition, Sage Publications, India, 2019.
6. Claus O.Wilke, "Fundamentals of Data Visualization", 1st Edition, O'Reilly Media, USA, 2019

Mapping of COs with POs and PSOs														
COs/POs & PSOs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3
CO1	√	√												
CO2	√	√	√		√				√			√	√	
CO3	√	√	√		√				√			√	√	
CO4	√	√	√		√	√		√	√			√	√	
CO5	√	√	√		√	√		√	√			√	√	√

**MC4020 DATA MINING AND DATA WAREHOUSING TECHNIQUES L T P C
3 0 0 3**

OBJECTIVES:

- To characterize the kinds of patterns that can be discovered by association rule mining.
- To implement classification techniques on large datasets.
- To analyse various clustering techniques in real world applications.
- To get exposed to the concepts of data warehousing architecture and implementation

UNIT I DATA MINING & DATA PREPROCESSING 9

Data Mining– Concepts , DBMS vs Data mining , kinds of Data, Applications, Issues and Challenges–Need for Data Preprocessing – Data Cleaning – Data Integration and Transformation – Data Reduction – Data Discretization and Concept Hierarchy Generation.

UNIT II ASSOCIATION RULE MINING AND CLASSIFICATION 9

Introduction to Association rules – Association Rule Mining – Mining Frequent Itemsets with and without Candidate Generation –Classification versus Prediction – Data Preparation for Classification and Prediction

UNIT III CLASSIFICATION AND PREDICTION TECHNIQUES 9

Classification by Decision Tree – Bayesian Classification – Rule Based Classification – Bayesian Belief Networks – Classification by Backpropagation – Support Vector Machines – K-Nearest Neighbor Algorithm – Linear Regression, Nonlinear Regression

UNIT IV CLUSTERING TECHNIQUES 9

Cluster Analysis – Partitioning Methods: k-Means and k- Medoids – Hierarchical Methods: Agglomerative and Divisive –Model Based Clustering Methods: Fuzzy clusters and Expectation-Maximization Algorithm

UNIT V DATA WAREHOUSE 9

Need for Data Warehouse – Database versus Data Warehouse – Multidimensional Data Model – Schemas for Multidimensional Databases – OLAP operations – OLAP versus OLTP – Data Warehouse Architecture – Extraction, Transformation and Loading (ETL)

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. Perform attribute ranking for a dataset (Eg: contact-lenses dataset <https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/lenses>) using any two attribute ranking methods.
2. Identify the association rules in the above dataset using Apriori algorithm.
3. Implement K-Nearest Neighbor for classification of a dataset (Eg: Iris dataset <https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Iris>).
4. Demonstrate the K-means clustering process in the above dataset.
5. Describe the steps in building Data warehouse using open source tools (Eg: Pentaho Data Integration Tool)

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Identify data mining techniques in building intelligent model.
- Illustrate association mining techniques on transactional databases.
- Apply classification and clustering techniques in real world applications.
- Evaluate various mining techniques on complex data objects.
- 5. Design, create and maintain data warehouses

REFERENCES

1. Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber, "Data Mining Concepts and Techniques", Third Edition, Elsevier, 2012.
2. K. P. Soman, Shyam Diwakar, V. Ajay, "Insight into Data mining Theory and Practice", Easter Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2009.
3. Data Warehousing, Data Mining, & OLAP – Alex Berson, Stephen Smith, TMHill,2008.
4. David L. Olson Dursun Delen, "Advanced Data Mining Techniques," Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, 2008
5. G. K. Gupta, "Introduction to Data Min Data Mining with Case Studies", Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India, Third Edition, 2014

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO 1		√	√	√	√							√		
CO 2	√	√			√				√				√	
CO 3		√			√	√	√	√				√	√	
CO 4		√	√	√	√			√	√	√	√		√	
CO 5	√	√	√	√	√	√	√		√	√		√	√	√

OUTCOMES:

- Realize the importance of interacting with business stakeholders in determining the requirements for a software system
- Perform iterative software development processes: how to plan them, how to execute them.
- Point out the impact of social aspects on software development success.
- Develop techniques and tools for improving team collaboration and software quality.
- Show how agile approaches can be scaled up to the enterprise level

REFERENCES

1. David J. Anderson and Eli Schragenheim,, “Agile Management for Software Engineering: Applying the Theory of Constraints for Business Results”, Illustrated Edition, Prentice Hall PTR, 2004
2. Orit Hazza and YaepI Dubinsky, “Agile Software Engineering,: Undergraduate Topics in Computer Science, Springer Verlag, First Edition,2009
3. Craig Larman, “Agile and Iterative Development: A Manager’s Guide”, Pearson Education, Second Impression, 2007
4. Kevin C. Desouza, “Agile Information Systems: Conceptualization, Construction, and Management”, Elsevier, Butterworth-Heinemann, FirstEdition,2007
5. Ken Schwaber, “Agile Project Management with Scrum”, Illustrated, Revised Edition Microsoft Press, 2004
6. Konnor Cluster, “Agile Project Management: Learn How To Manage a Project With Agile Methods, Scrum, Kanban and Extreme Programming”, Independently Published,FirstEdition,2019

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO 1		√	√	√	√					√	√		√	
CO 2	√	√		√	√				√		√		√	
CO 3		√				√	√	√				√		
CO 4				√	√				√	√			√	
CO 5	√			√		√	√		√	√		√		√

MC4022

ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOR

**L T P C
3 0 0 3**

OBJECTIVES:

- To enable the students to understand the Organizational Behavior
- To analyse various factors affecting Personality Organizational Change
- dynamic of groups
- To Understand various type of Group Behavior

UNIT I ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOR INTRODUCTION 9

Organization Behaviour – Definition – Scope and Application in Management – Contributions of Other Disciplines to OB. Emerging Issues in Organizational Behaviour- Organizational behaviour models

UNIT II INDIVIDUAL PROCESSES 9

Personality – types – Factors influencing personality– Theories. Emotions - Theories – Emotional Intelligence- Learning – Types of learners – The learning process – Learning theories.

Perceptions – Importance – Factors influencing perception- Attitudes – Nature of Attitudes Components of Attitudes Formation of Attitude Benefits of Positive Attitude Functions of Attitudes– Measurement-Motivation – Importance – Types – Theories.

UNIT III LEADERSHIP AND POWER 9

Meaning – Importance – Leadership styles – Theories – Leaders Vs Managers – Sources of power – Power centers – Power and Politics.

UNIT IV GROUP DYNAMICS 9

Meaning – Types of Groups – Functions of Small Groups – Group Size Status – Managerial Implications – Group Behaviour – Group Norms – Cohesiveness – Group Thinking

UNIT V ORGANIZATIONAL CHANGE AND DEVELOPMENT 9

Organizational Change: Meaning – Nature of Work Change – Need for Change – Change Process – Types of Change – Factors Influencing Change – Resistance to Change – Overcoming Resistance – Organizational Development: Meaning and Different Types of OD Interventions

SUGGESTED ACTIVITIES:

1. To analyze and understand the impact of various functional modules on the behaviour of individuals with real time examples like buying behavior of consumers in supermarkets.
2. To Analyze and understand the Perception of individuals and performance based on situations like an individual's effectiveness in the workplace(often depends on their personality, attitudes and values along with their motivation) to succeed.
3. Conduct a group discussion among 10 members on some topic and write a report on analysis of behaviour of team members in group decision making
4. Justify the selection of team members for executing a project with the analysis of various factors like domain expertise ,communication skill of members etc
5. To study the Performance of employees on organizational change with respect to environment

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course should be able to:

- Students will have a better understanding of human behavior in organization.
- They will know the framework for managing individual and group performance.
- Characteristics of attitudes and components of attitudes — A brief discussion
- List the determinants of personality
- List the characteristics of various leadership styles.

REFERENCES

1. K. Aswathappa, "Organisational behaviour", Himalaya Publishing House Pvt. Ltd. 11th Edition.
2. Stephen P. Robbins, "Organizational Behavior", PHI Learning / Pearson Education, Edition 17, 2016 (Global edition)
3. Fred Luthans, "Organizational Behavior", McGraw Hill, 12th Edition
4. Nelson, Quick, Khandelwal. "ORGB – An innovative approach to learning and teaching". Cengage, 2nd edition 2012
5. Ivancevich, Konopaske Matteson, "Organizational Behaviour & Management", Tata McGraw Hill, 7th edition, 2008

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO 1			√	√			√		√		√			
CO 2		√		√	√				√		√	√	√	
CO 3			√	√	√			√			√	√		
CO 4					√			√	√	√	√		√	
CO 5			√	√	√			√	√		√		√	

MC4023

WEB DESIGN

L T P C

3 0 2 4

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the concepts and architecture of the World Wide Web.
- To understand and practice markup languages
- To understand and practice embedded dynamic scripting on client-side Internet
- Programming
- To understand and practice web development techniques on client-side

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO WWW

9+6

Understanding the working of Internet-Web Application Architecture-Brief history of Internet-Web Standards – W3C-Technologies involved in Web development – Protocols-Basic Principles involved in developing a website-Five Golden Rules of Web Designing

UNIT II UI DESIGN

9+6

SVG- Iframes - HTML5 Video and Audio tags - CSS Specificity - Box model - Margins, padding and border – Inline and block elements - Structuring pages using Semantic Tags - Positioning with CSS: Positions, Floats, z-index – CSS with CSS Preprocessors: SASS

UNIT III ADVANCED UI WITH CSS3**9+6**

Layouts with CSS Grids Flexbox– Responsive web design with media queries - Advanced CSS Effects – Gradients, opacity, box-shadow - CSS3 Animations: Transforms and Transitions - CSS Frameworks: Bootstrap

UNIT IV JAVA SCRIPT**9+6**

JavaScript Events - Modifying CSS of elements using JavaScript- Javascript Classes- Introduction to JQuery – JQuery Selectors - Using JQuery to add interactivity - JQuery Events- Modifying CSS with JQuery -Adding and removing elements with JQuery-AJAX with JQuery- Animations with JQuery (hide, show, animate, fade methods, Slide Method)

UNIT V SERVER-SIDE PROGRAMMING WITH PHP**9+6**

PHP basic syntax-PHP Variables and basic data structures-Using PHP to manage form submissions-File Handling -Cookies and Sessions with PHP-Working with WAMP and PHPMYADMIN-Establishing connectivity with MySQL using PHP

Lab Components

1. Design a landing page for a website using Adobe XD (Unit 1)
2. Design an Admin Dashboard for an E-commerce website using Adobe XD (Unit 1)
3. Design and develop an event registration form. (Unit 2)
4. Design and develop a sticky navbar using floats and SASS. (Unit 2)
5. Design and develop a developer portfolio page. Develop the layout using flexbox and ensure the page is responsive. (Unit 3)
6. Design and develop pricing card list which are responsive using plain CSS and Flexbox (Unit 3)
7. Develop a register form and validate it using JavaScript. Design the forms using CSS3 and display Error Messages in the HTML page. (Unit 4)
8. Develop a website that uses the 'jsonplaceholder' Api to get posts data and display them in the form of a card. Use Flexbox to style the cards (Unit 4)
9. Develop a php server that Creates, Reads, Updates and Deletes Todo and save them in MySQL database. (Unit 5)
10. Develop a php server that registers and authenticates user session and stores user data in MySQL database. (Unit 5)

OUTCOMES:

- Create a basic website using HTML and Cascading Style Sheets.
- Create websites with complex layouts
- Add interactivity to websites using simple scripts
- Design rich client presentation using AJAX.
- Add business logic to websites using PHP and databases

TOTAL: 75 PERIODS**REFERENCES**

1. David Flanagan, "JavaScript: The Definitive Guide", 7th Edition, O'Reilly Publications,2020
2. Danny Goodman, "Dynamic HTML: The Definitive Reference: A Comprehensive Resource for XHTML, CSS, DOM, JavaScript" , O'Reilly Publications, 3rd Edition,2007
3. Robin Nixon; "Learning PHP, MySQL, JavaScript & CSS: A Step-by-Step Guide to Creating Dynamic Websites", O'Reilly Publications, 2nd Edition,2018

4. David Sawyer McFarland, "CSS: The Missing Manual", O'Reilly Publications, 4th edition, 2015
5. Keith J Grant; "CSS in Depth", Manning Publications. 1st edition, 2018
6. Elizabeth Castrol, "HTML5 & CSS3 Visual Quickstart Guide", Peachpit Press, 7th Edition, 2012.
7. Harvey & Paul Deitel & Associates, Harvey Deitel and Abbey Deitel, "Internet and World Wide Web - How to Program", Fifth Edition, Pearson Education, 2012
8. <https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/>

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO 1	√				√									√
CO 2		√	√	√									√	
CO 3						√	√							√
CO 4				√	√								√	
CO 5							√				√			

MC4024

C# AND .NET PROGRAMMING

**L T P C
3 2 0 5**

OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the technologies of the .NET framework.
- To cover all segments of programming in C# starting from the language basis, followed by the object oriented programming concepts.
- To update and enhance skills in writing Windows applications, ADO.NET and ASP .NET.
- To introduce advanced topics namely data connectivity, WPF, WCF and WPF with C# and .NET 4.5.
- To implement mobile applications using .Net Compact Framework

UNIT I .NET FRAMEWORK INTRODUCTION 9

.Net Architecture – Core C# – Variables – Data Types – Flow control – Objects and Types-Classes and Structs – Inheritance- Generics – Arrays and Tuples – Operators and Casts – Indexers- Assemblies – Shared Assemblies – CLR Hosting – Appdomains

UNIT II C# ADVANCED FEATURES 9

Delegates – Lambdas – Lambda Expressions – Events – Event Publisher – Event Listener – Strings and Regular Expressions – Generics – Collections – Memory Management and Pointers – Errors and Exceptions – Reflection

UNIT III BASE CLASS LIBRARIES AND DATA MANIPULATION 9

Diagnostics Tasks – Threads and Synchronization – Manipulating XML – SAX and DOM – Manipulating files and the Registry – Transactions – Data access with ADO.NET: Introduction, LINQ to Entities and the ADO.NET Entity Framework, Querying a Database with LINQ – Creating the ADO.NET Entity Data Model Class Library, Creating a Windows Forms Project – Data Bindings between Controls

UNIT VI WINDOW AND WEB BASED APPLICATIONS**9**

Window Based Applications – Core ASP.NET – ASP.NET Web Forms – Server Controls, Data Binding – ASP.NET State Management, Tracing, Caching, Error Handling, Security, Deployment, User and Custom Controls – Windows Communication Foundation (WCF)

UNIT V NET COMPACT FRAMEWORK**9**

Reflection – .Net Remoting-.Net Security – Localization – Peer-to-Peer Networking – Building P2P Applications – .Net Compact Framework – Compact Edition DataStores – Testing and Debugging – Optimizing performance – Packaging and Deployment

List of Experiments

1. Write a program in C# to check whether a number is palindrome or not
2. Design a simple calculator using switch statement in C#
3. Write a program in C# to find the roots of quadratic equation.
4. Using try, catch and finally blocks write a program in C# to demonstrate error handling
5. Write a program in C# to build a class which implements an interface which already exists.
6. Implement linked lists in C# using the existing collections name space
7. Write a C# program to create a dataset for student details, use grid view to display information.
8. Write a C# program to add new rows and new columns in the above program (student details) and create methods to access the dataset
9. Write an ASP.Net program to display a welcome message in the form when the button is clicked.
10. Write an ASP.Net program containing a listbox, button, an image and label controls. When the user clicks on an item in the listbox, its image should be displayed in the image control. When the user clicks the button, the cost of the selected item should be displayed in the control.

OUTCOMES:

Up on completion of the course the students will be able to

- Understand the difference between .NET and Java framework.
- Work with the basic and advanced features of C# language.
- Create applications using various data providers.
- Create a web application using ASP.NET.
- Create mobile applications using .NET compact framework.

TOTAL: 75 PERIODS**REFERENCES**

1. Christian Nagel, Bill Evjen, Jay Glynn, Karli Watson, Morgan Skinner, "Professional C# and .NET 4.5", Wiley, First Edition 2012
2. Andrew Troelsen, "Pro C# 5.0 and the .NET 4.5 Framework", Apress publication, First Edition 2012
3. Ian Gariffiths, Mathew Adams, Jesse Liberty, "Programming C# 4.0", O'Reilly, Sixth Edition, 2010
4. Andy Wigley, Daniel Moth, "Peter Foot, —Mobile Development Handbook", Microsoft Press, 2nd Edition, 2011
5. Herbert Schildt, "C# - The Complete Reference", Tata McGraw Hill, First Edition 2010.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO 10	PO 11	PO 12	PSO1	PSO
CO 1	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√			√	√	√
CO 2	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
CO 3	√	√	√	√	√				√			√	√	√
CO 4	√	√	√	√	√				√			√	√	√
CO 5	√	√	√	√	√		√		√	√	√	√	√	√

MC4025

BIG DATA ANALYTICS

L T P C
3 0 2 4

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand fundamentals of BigData and Hadoop
- To learn about file system configuration in HADOOP
- To learn Map Reduce concept of Hadoop in executing Task
- To learn the Queue Processing and stream processing of Data
- To learn about Hadoop Frameworks

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO BIG DATA AND HADOOP

9+6

Types of Digital Data - Introduction to Big Data - Challenges of conventional systems - Web data – Evolution of Analytic scalability - Analytic Processes and Tools - Analysis vs Reporting - History of Hadoop - Apache Hadoop - Analyzing Data with Hadoop - Hadoop Streaming

Lab Components:

Perform setting up and Installing Hadoop

UNIT II HDFS & Hadoop I/O

9+6

Hadoop Distributed File System :The Design of HDFS- HDFS Concepts- The Command-Line Interface- Hadoop File Systems- Data Flow- Parallel Copying with distcp- Hadoop Archives- Hadoop I/O: Data Integrity- Compression- Serialization

Lab Components:

- Implement HDFS Command Reference:
- Listing contents of directory, Displaying and printing disk usage, Moving files & directories ,Copying files and directories
- Implement the following file management tasks in Hadoop: Writing a file into HDFS
- Reading data from HDFS, Retrieving files , Deleting files

UNIT III MapReduce

9+6

Analyzing the Data with Hadoop- Hadoop Pipes- MapReduce Types - Input Formats- Output Formats- MapReduce Features - MapReduce Works - Anatomy of a MapReduce Job Run – Failures - Job Scheduling - Shuffle and Sort - Task Execution

Lab Components:

- Run a basic Word Count Map Reduce program to understand Map Reduce Paradigm.
- Implement Matrix vector multiplication map reduce program

UNIT IV Queueing and stream processing systems**9+6**

Queueing: Queueing systems, Introduction to kafka, producer consumer, brokers, types of queues - single consumer, multi consumer queue servers.

Streaming systems: Stream processing – queues and workers - micro batch streaming processing - introduction to kafka streaming processing API

Lab Components:

Implement Single consumer queue in Kafka

Implement video streaming with producer consumer in Kafka

UNIT V Hadoop Frameworks**9+6**

Pig : Introduction to PIG, Execution Modes of Pig, Comparison of Pig with Databases, Grunt, Pig Latin, User Defined Functions, Data Processing operators.

Hive : Hive Shell, Hive Services, Hive Metastore, Comparison with Traditional Databases, HiveQL, Tables, Querying Data

Lab Components:

- Install and Run Pig then write Pig Latin scripts to sort, group, join your data.
- Write a Pig Latin scripts for finding TF-IDF value for book dataset (A corpus of eBooks available at: Project Gutenberg)
- Install and Run Hive then use Hive to create, alter, and drop databases, tables,

OUTCOMES:

CO1: Able to apply Hadoop for analyzing Big Volume of Data

CO2: Able to access ,store , do operations on data as Files and directories

CO3; Able to implement MapReduce Concept in analyzing BigData

CO4: Able to implement event streaming using Kafka API

CO5: Able to access volume of data with Hadoop Framework

TOTAL: 75 PERIODS**REFERENCES**

1. Bill Franks, Taming the Big Data Tidal Wave: Finding Opportunities in Huge Data Streams with advanced analytics, John Wiley & sons, 2012.
2. Michael Berthold, David J. Hand, Intelligent Data Analysis, Springer, 2007
3. Tom White, Hadoop: The Definitive Guide, O'Reilly, 2009
4. Paul Zikopoulos ,Dirk DeRoos , Krishnan Parasuraman , Thomas Deutsch , James Giles , David Corigan , "Harness the Power of Big Data The IBM Big Data Platform ", Tata McGraw Hill Publications, 2012.
5. Kafka: The Definitive Guide- Real-Time Data and Stream Processing at Scale, by Gwen Shapira, Neha Narkhede ,Todd Palino

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO 1	√	√	√	√	√				√	√			√	√
CO 2	√	√	√	√	√				√	√			√	√
CO 3	√	√	√	√	√				√	√			√	√
CO 4	√	√	√	√	√				√	√			√	√
CO 5	√	√	√	√	√				√	√	√		√	√

OBJECTIVES:

- To know the behavior of the testing techniques and to design test cases to detect the errors in the software
- To get insight into software testing methodologies
- To understand standard emerging areas in testing
- To learn about the software quality models.
- To understand the models and metrics of software quality and reliability

UNIT I INTRODUCTION**9+6**

Basic concepts and Preliminaries – Theory of Program Testing– Unit Testing – Control Flow Testing –Data Flow Testing– System Integration Testing

UNIT II SOFTWARE TESTING METHODOLOGY**9+6**

Software Test Plan–Components of Plan - Types of Technical Reviews - Static and Dynamic Testing- – Software Testing in Spiral Manner - Information Gathering - Test Planning - Test Coverage - Test Evaluation - Acceptance Test – Summarize Testing Results.

UNIT III EMERGING SPECIALIZED AREAS IN TESTING**9+6**

Test Process Assessment – Test Automation Assessment - Test Automation Framework –Agile Testing – Testing Center of Excellence – Onsite/Offshore Model - Modern Software Testing Tools – Software Testing Trends – Methodology to Develop Software Testing Tools.

UNIT VI SOFTWARE QUALITY MODELS**9+6**

Software quality –Verification versus Validation– Components of Quality Assurance – SQA Plan – Quality Standards – CMM – PCMM – CMMI – Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Award

UNIT V QUALITY THROUGH CONTINUOUS IMPROVEMENT PROCESS**9+6**

Role of Statistical Methods in Software Quality – Transforming Requirements into Test Cases – Deming’s Quality Principles – Continuous Improvement through Plan Do Check Act (PDCA)

List of Experiments

1. Perform data flow testing for any C program to verify the def-use variables (Ex: largest of two numbers)
2. Using Selenium IDE, Write a test suite containing minimum 4 test cases for any simple C program (Ex: To check Adam Number)
3. Write and test a program to update 10 student records into tables into Excel file. (Selenium)
4. Write and test a program to select the number of students who have scored more than 60 in any one subject (or all subjects). (Selenium)
5. Write and test a program to login to a specific web page. (Selenium)
6. Write and test a program to provide a total number of objects present / available on the page. (Selenium)
7. Write and test a program to get the number of list items in a list / combo box. (Selenium)
8. Identify system specification and design test cases to test any application using any one of a testing tool (Selenium/Bugzilla/Test Director)
9. Automate the test cases of the above system using any test automation tool (Bugzilla /QA Complete)
10. Design test cases for web pages to test any web sites (Web Performance Analyzer/Open STA)

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course the students will be able to

- choose the software testing techniques to cater to the need of the project
- identify the components of software quality assurance systems
- apply various software testing strategies
- design and develop software quality models
- make use of statistical methods in software quality.

TOTAL: 75 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. William E.Lewis, "Software Testing and Continuous Quality Improvement", 3rdEdition, Auerbach Publications, 2011
2. KshirasagarNaik and PriyadarshiTripathy, "Software Testing and Quality Assurance Theory and Practice", 2nd Edition, John Wiley & Sons Publication, 2011
3. Ron Patton, "Software Testing", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2007
4. Glenford J. Myers, Tom Badgett, Corey Sandler, "The Art of Software Testing", 3rd Edition, John Wiley & Sons Publication, 2012.
5. Paul C. Jorgensen, "Software Testing, A Craftman'sApproach", CRC Press Taylor & Francis Group, Fourth Edition, 2018

COs/POs & PSOs	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO1		√		√		√						√		√
CO2			√	√								√	√	√
CO3				√	√								√	√
CO4			√		√								√	
CO5	√	√	√	√	√								√	

MC4027

ADVANCED JAVA PROGRAMMING

**L T P C
3 0 2 4**

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the fundamentals of web programming and client side scripting.
- To learn server side development using servlets, web sockets.
- To learn the Spring framework and build applications using Spring.
- To learn and implement the concept of Java Persistence API.
- To learn the advanced client side scripting and framework.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO WEB & JAVASCRIPT 9 +6

Introduction to Web: Server - Client - Communication Protocol (HTTP), Javascript Prototypes - Classes - Modules – Fetch API – JS Canvas - Storage: LocalStorage, Cookies, IndexedDB, JSON

Lab Components

1. Create an event registration application using javascript. It should implement different widgets for registration form and registered records view using tabs. It should perform the form validation. (Unit I)
2. Create a javascript application in an Object Oriented way using Classes and Modules. It should also use browser storage for persistence. (Unit I)

UNIT II SERVER SIDE PROGRAMMING 9 +6

Web Server: Web Containers - Web Components, Servlet: Lifecycle - Request - Servlet Context - Response - Filter - Session - Dispatching Requests, WebSocket, Logging - Log4j2, Build tool - Gradle. Introduction to Spring: IoC Container and Dependency Injection (DI)

Lab Components

- 1 Build a web application using Gradle. The server side of the application should implement RESTful APIs using Servlet and do necessary logging. The client side of the application should be a single page application which consumes the RESTful APIs through AJAX. (Unit II)
- 2.. Build a chat application using WebSocket. (Unit II)

UNIT III SPRING 9 +6

Spring Configuration and Spring Boot, Spring MVC, Spring Bean Lifecycle - DispatcherServlet and Configuration - Interceptors – Annotations, Controllers - Views - Input Validation -File Upload-Container,Dependency and IOC .

Lab Components

1. Create a Spring MVC application. The application should handle form validation, file upload, session tracking.
2. Implement a RESTful Spring Boot application using Spring REST, Spring Security and Spring Cache.

UNIT IV AOP, JAVA PERSISTENCE API AND HIBERNATE 9 +6

Aspect Oriented Programming(AOP) - Entity: Basic, Embeddable and Collection Types - Identifiers - Entity Relationship - Inheritance, Persistence Context and Entity Manager, JPQL, Criteria API, Spring Data JPA - Specification and Projection.

Lab Components

1. Design a system using JPA and Hibernate. The system should have multiple entities and relationships between the entities. The database schema should be generated through Hibernate. Provide RESTful endpoints for CRUD operations for the defined entities. Also, support pagination and searching using JPA's JPQL and Criteria API. (Unit IV)
2. Create a Spring RESTful Application with Spring Data JPA. Support pagination and searching using Specifications. (Unit IV)

UNIT V ADVANCED SPRING PROGRAMMING 9 +6

Spring Boot JDBC - Spring Boot Actuator - Spring Cloud -Spring Boot Testing - Spring Security Architecture , Spring Cache - Building RESTful Web Services

Lab Components

1. Create a React application with different components and interactions between the components.
2. Develop a full-stack application using React and Spring. Make use of Spring REST, Spring

Security, Spring Data JPA, Hibernate, Spring Boot, Gradle and ReactJS state and component mechanism.

OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course the students should be able to:

- To write client side scripting.
- To implement the server side of the web application.
- To implement Web Application using Spring.
- To implement a Java application using Java Persistence API.
- To implement a full-stack Single Page Application using React, Spring and JPA.

TOTAL:75 PERIODS

REFERENCES

1. David Flanagan, "Java Script: The Definitive Guide", O'Reilly Media, Inc, 7th Edition, 2020
2. Matt Frisbie, "Professional JavaScript for Web Developers", Wiley Publishing, Inc, 4th Edition, ISBN: 978-1-119-36656-0, 2019
3. Alex Banks, Eve Porcello, "Learning React", O'Reilly Media, Inc, 2nd Edition, 2020
4. David R. Heffelfinger, "Java EE 8 Application Development", Packt Publishing, First edition 2017
5. Benjamin Muschko, "Gradle in Action", Manning Publications, First edition 2014
6. Iuliana Cosmina, Rob Harrop, Chris Schaefer, Clarence Ho, "Pro Spring 5: An In-Depth Guide to the Spring Framework and Its Tools", Apress, Fifth edition 2017

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
CO 1	√	√	√		√								√	
CO 2	√	√	√										√	
CO 3	√	√	√	√	√	√	√	c	√	√	√		√	√
CO 4	√	√	√	√			√	√	√	√	√	√	√	√
CO 5	√	√	√	√	√		√					√	√	√

MC4028

NETWORK PROGRAMMING AND SECURITY

**L T P C
3 0 2 4**

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of Network Programming
- To be familiar with building network applications
- To design and implement client server Applications using TCP and UDP Sockets
- To expose with various socket options
- To get aware of Network security for Network Programming

UNIT I

INTRODUCTION

9 +6

TCP/IP Layer Model – Multicast, broadcast and Anycast - Socket address Structures – Byte ordering functions – address conversion functions – Elementary TCP Sockets – socket, connect, bind, listen, accept, read, write, close functions – Iterative Server – Concurrent Server
Lab Components

4. Andre Perez, "Network Security", First Edition, Publisher John Wiley & Sons, 2014
5. Gary R. Wright , W. Richard Stevens, "TCP/IP Illustrated: The Implementation" , ISBN 0-201-63354-X , Vol. 2, 1st Edition , Addison Wesley Professional, January 2008

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
CO 1	√	√	√	√				√	√			√	√	√
CO 2	√	√					√					√	√	
CO 3	√	√	√	√		√				√	√	√	√	√
CO 4	√	√	√		√						√	√	√	√
CO 5	√		√		√	√	√	√	√	√			√	√

AUDIT COURSES

AX4091

ENGLISH FOR RESEARCH PAPER WRITING

L T P C

2 0 0 0

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Teach how to improve writing skills and level of readability
- Tell about what to write in each section
- Summarize the skills needed when writing a Title
- Infer the skills needed when writing the Conclusion
- Ensure the quality of paper at very first-time submission

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO RESEARCH PAPER WRITING

6

Planning and Preparation, Word Order, Breaking up long sentences, Structuring Paragraphs and Sentences, Being Concise and Removing Redundancy, Avoiding Ambiguity and Vagueness

UNIT II PRESENTATION SKILLS

6

Clarifying Who Did What, Highlighting Your Findings, Hedging and Criticizing, Paraphrasing and Plagiarism, Sections of a Paper, Abstracts, Introduction

UNIT III TITLE WRITING SKILLS

6

Key skills are needed when writing a Title, key skills are needed when writing an Abstract, key skills are needed when writing an Introduction, skills needed when writing a Review of the Literature, Methods, Results, Discussion, Conclusions, The Final Check

UNIT IV RESULT WRITING SKILLS

6

Skills are needed when writing the Methods, skills needed when writing the Results, skills are needed when writing the Discussion, skills are needed when writing the Conclusions

UNIT V VERIFICATION SKILLS

6

Useful phrases, checking Plagiarism, how to ensure paper is as good as it could possibly be the first- time submission

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1 – Understand that how to improve your writing skills and level of readability
 CO2 – Learn about what to write in each section
 CO3 – Understand the skills needed when writing a Title
 CO4 – Understand the skills needed when writing the Conclusion
 CO5 – Ensure the good quality of paper at very first-time submission

REFERENCES:

1. Adrian Wallwork , English for Writing Research Papers, Springer New York Dordrecht Heidelberg London, 2011
2. Day R How to Write and Publish a Scientific Paper, Cambridge University Press 2006
3. Goldbort R Writing for Science, Yale University Press (available on Google Books) 2006
4. Highman N, Handbook of Writing for the Mathematical Sciences, SIAM. Highman's book 1998.

AX4092**DISASTER MANAGEMENT****L T P C
2 0 0 0****COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- Summarize basics of disaster
- Explain a critical understanding of key concepts in disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response.
- Illustrate disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response policy and practice from multiple perspectives.
- Describe an understanding of standards of humanitarian response and practical relevance in specific types of disasters and conflict situations.
- Develop the strengths and weaknesses of disaster management approaches

UNIT I INTRODUCTION**6**

Disaster: Definition, Factors and Significance; Difference between Hazard And Disaster; Natural and Manmade Disasters: Difference, Nature, Types and Magnitude.

UNIT II REPERCUSSIONS OF DISASTERS AND HAZARDS**6**

Economic Damage, Loss of Human and Animal Life, Destruction Of Ecosystem. Natural Disasters: Earthquakes, Volcanisms, Cyclones, Tsunamis, Floods, Droughts And Famines, Landslides And Avalanches, Man-made disaster: Nuclear Reactor Meltdown, Industrial Accidents, Oil Slicks And Spills, Outbreaks Of Disease And Epidemics, War And Conflicts.

UNIT III DISASTER PRONE AREAS IN INDIA**6**

Study of Seismic Zones; Areas Prone To Floods and Droughts, Landslides And Avalanches; Areas Prone To Cyclonic and Coastal Hazards with Special Reference To Tsunami; Post-Disaster Diseases and Epidemics

UNIT IV DISASTER PREPAREDNESS AND MANAGEMENT**6**

Preparedness: Monitoring Of Phenomena Triggering a Disaster or Hazard; Evaluation of Risk; Application of Remote Sensing, Data from Meteorological And Other Agencies, Media Reports: Governmental and Community Preparedness.

UNIT V RISK ASSESSMENT

6

Disaster Risk: Concept and Elements, Disaster Risk Reduction, Global and National Disaster Risk Situation. Techniques of Risk Assessment, Global Co-Operation in Risk Assessment and Warning, People's Participation in Risk Assessment. Strategies for Survival

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

CO1: Ability to summarize basics of disaster

CO2: Ability to explain a critical understanding of key concepts in disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response.

CO3: Ability to illustrate disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response policy and practice from multiple perspectives.

CO4: Ability to describe an understanding of standards of humanitarian response and practical relevance in specific types of disasters and conflict situations.

CO5: Ability to develop the strengths and weaknesses of disaster management approaches

REFERENCES

1. Goel S. L., Disaster Administration And Management Text And Case Studies", Deep & Deep Publication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2009.
2. Nishitha Rai, Singh AK, "Disaster Management in India: Perspectives, issues and strategies "New Royal book Company, 2007.
3. Sahni, Pardeep Et. Al. , " Disaster Mitigation Experiences And Reflections", Prentice Hall Of India, New Delhi, 2001.

AX4093

CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

L T P C

2 0 0 0

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

Students will be able to:

- Understand the premises informing the twin themes of liberty and freedom from a civil rights perspective.
- To address the growth of Indian opinion regarding modern Indian intellectuals' constitutional
- Role and entitlement to civil and economic rights as well as the emergence nation hood in the early years of Indian nationalism.
- To address the role of socialism in India after the commencement of the Bolshevik Revolution in 1917 and its impact on the initial drafting of the Indian Constitution.

UNIT I HISTORY OF MAKING OF THE INDIAN CONSTITUTION

History, Drafting Committee, (Composition & Working)

UNIT II PHILOSOPHY OF THE INDIAN CONSTITUTION

Preamble, Salient Features

UNIT III CONTOURS OF CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS AND DUTIES

Fundamental Rights, Right to Equality, Right to Freedom, Right against Exploitation, Right to Freedom of Religion, Cultural and Educational Rights, Right to Constitutional Remedies, Directive Principles of State Policy, Fundamental Duties.

UNIT IV ORGANS OF GOVERNANCE

Parliament, Composition, Qualifications and Disqualifications, Powers and Functions, Executive, President, Governor, Council of Ministers, Judiciary, Appointment and Transfer of Judges, Qualifications, Powers and Functions.

UNIT V LOCAL ADMINISTRATION

District's Administration head: Role and Importance, □Municipalities: Introduction, Mayor and role of Elected Representative, CEO, Municipal Corporation. Pachayati raj: Introduction, PRI: Zila Pachayat. Elected officials and their roles, CEO Zila Pachayat: Position and role. Block level: Organizational Hierarchy(Different departments), Village level:Role of Elected and Appointed officials, Importance of grass root democracy.

UNIT VI ELECTION COMMISSION

Election Commission: Role and Functioning. Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissioners - Institute and Bodies for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

SUGGESTED READING

1. The Constitution of India,1950(Bare Act),Government Publication.
2. Dr.S.N.Busi, Dr.B. R.Ambedkar framing of Indian Constitution,1st Edition, 2015.
3. M.P. Jain, Indian Constitution Law, 7th Edn., Lexis Nexis,2014.
4. D.D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, 2015.

COURSE OUTCOMES

Students will be able to:

- Discuss the growth of the demand for civil rights in India for the bulk of Indians before the arrival of Gandhi in Indian politics.
- Discuss the intellectual origins of the framework of argument that informed the conceptualization
- of social reforms leading to revolution in India.
- Discuss the circumstances surrounding the foundation of the Congress Socialist Party[CSP] under the leadership of Jawaharlal Nehru and the eventual failure of the proposal of direct elections through adult suffrage in the Indian Constitution.
- Discuss the passage of the Hindu Code Bill of 1956.

AX4094

நற்றமிழ் இலக்கியம்

L T P C

2 0 0 0

UNIT I

சங்க இலக்கியம்

6

1. தமிழின் துவக்க நூல் தொல்காப்பியம்
- எழுத்து, சொல், பொருள்
2. அகநானூறு (82)
- இயற்கை இன்னிசை அரங்கம்
3. குறிஞ்சிப் பாட்டின் மலர் க்காட்சி
4. புறநானூறு (95,195)
- போரை நிறுத்திய ஔவையார்

UNIT II

அறநெறித் தமிழ்

6

1. அறநெறி வகுத்த திருவள்ளுவர்
- அறம் வலியுறுத்தல், அன்புடைமை, ஒப்புரவறிதல், ஈகை, புகழ்
2. பிற அறநூல்கள் - இலக்கிய மருந்து
- ஏலாதி, சிறுபஞ்சமூலம், திரிகடுகம், ஆசாரக்கோவை
(தூய்மையை வலியுறுத்தும் நூல்)

UNIT III	இரட்டைக் காப்பியங்கள்	6
1.	கண்ணகியின் புரட்சி - சிலப்பதிகார வழக்குரை காதை	
2.	சமூகசேவை இலக்கியம் மணிமேகலை - சிறைக்கோட்டம் அறக்கோட்டமாகிய காதை	
UNIT IV	அருள்நெறித் தமிழ்	6
1.	சிறுபாணாற்றுப்படை - பாரி முல்லைக்குத் தேர் கொடுத்தது, பேகன் மயிலுக்குப் போர் வைக்கொடுத்தது, அதியமான் ஓளவைக்கு நெல்லிக்கனி கொடுத்தது, அரசர் பண்புகள்	
2.	நற்றிணை - அன்னைக்குரிய புன்னை சிறப்பு	
3.	திருமந்திரம் (617, 618) - இயமம் நியமம் விதிகள்	
4.	தர்மச்சாலையை நிறுவிய வள்ளலார்	
5.	புறநானூறு - சிறுவனே வள்ளலானான்	
6.	அகநானூறு (4) - வண்டு நற்றிணை (11) - நண்டு கலித்தொகை (11) - யானை, புறா ஐந்திணை 50 (27) - மான் ஆகியவை பற்றிய செய்திகள்	
UNIT V	நவீன தமிழ் இலக்கியம்	6
1.	உரைநடைத் தமிழ், - தமிழின் முதல் புதினம், - தமிழின் முதல் சிறுகதை, - கட்டுரை இலக்கியம், - பயண இலக்கியம், - நாடகம்,	
2.	நாட்டு விடுதலை போராட்டமும் தமிழ் இலக்கியமும்,	
3.	சமுதாய விடுதலையும் தமிழ் இலக்கியமும்,	
4.	பெண் விடுதலையும் விளிம்பு நிலையினரின் மேம்பாட்டில் தமிழ் இலக்கியமும்,	
5.	அறிவியல் தமிழ்,	
6.	இணையத்தில் தமிழ்,	
7.	சுற்றுச்சூழல் மேம்பாட்டில் தமிழ் இலக்கியம்.	

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

தமிழ் இலக்கிய வெளியீடுகள் / புத்தகங்கள்

1. தமிழ் இணைய கல்விக்கழகம் (Tamil Virtual University)
- www.tamilvu.org

2. தமிழ் விக்கிப்பீடியா (Tamil Wikipedia)
- <https://ta.wikipedia.org>
3. தர்மபுர ஆதீன வெளியீடு
4. வாழ்வியல் களஞ்சியம்
- தமிழ்ப் பல்கலைக்கழகம், தஞ்சாவூர்
5. தமிழ்கலைக் களஞ்சியம்
- தமிழ் வளர்ச்சித்துறை (thamilvalarchithurai.com)
6. அறிவியல் களஞ்சியம்
- தமிழ்ப் பல்கலைக்கழகம், தஞ்சாவூர்

BRIDGE COURSES

BX4001

DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS

L T P C
3 0 2 4

OBJECTIVES:

- Be familiar with basic techniques of algorithm analysis.
- Be exposed to the concept of ADTs.
- Learn linear data structures-List, Stack and Queue.
- Learn nonlinear data structures-Tree and Graphs.
- Be exposed to sorting, searching and hashing algorithms

UNIT I INTRODUCTION

9 +6

Introduction - Abstract Data Types (ADT) – Arrays and its representation – Structures – Fundamentals of algorithmic problem solving – Important problem types – Fundamentals of the analysis of algorithm – analysis framework – Asymptotic notations, Properties, Recurrence Relation.

Lab Experiments:

1. Develop a program to perform various array operations
2. Write a program to find running time complexity by considering each statement in the program for a given set of numbers.

UNIT II LINEAR DATA STRUCTURES - STACK, QUEUE

9 +6

Stack ADT – Operations on Stack - Applications of stack – Infix to postfix conversion – evaluation of expression - Queue ADT – Operations on Queue - Circular Queue - Applications of Queue.

Lab Experiments:

1. Write a program to convert infix to postfix using stack data structure
2. Develop a program to perform circular queue operations

UNIT III LINEAR DATA STRUCTURES – LIST

9+6

List ADT - Array-based Implementation - Linked list implementation - Singly Linked Lists – Circularly linked lists – Doubly Linked Lists - Applications of linked list – Polynomial Addition.

Lab Experiments:

1. Perform Polynomial Manipulation using Single Linked List.
2. Implement the various operations in double linked list.

UNIT IV SEARCHING, SORTING AND HASH TECHNIQUES**9 +6**

Searching: Linear search – Binary Search- comparison of linear search and binary search, Sorting algorithms: Insertion sort - Bubble sort – selection sort - Hashing: Hash Functions – Separate Chaining – Open Addressing – Rehashing.

Lab Experiments:

1. Write a program to perform binary search
2. Write a program to sort a given set of numbers and compare among Bubble Sort, Selection Sort and Insertion Sort with respect to computational complexity.

UNIT V NON LINEAR DATA STRUCTURES - TREES AND GRAPHS**9 +6**

Trees and its representation – left child right sibling data structures for general trees- Binary Tree – Binary tree traversals – Binary Search Tree - Graphs and its representation - Graph Traversals - Depth-first traversal – breadth-first traversal-Application of graphs.

Lab Experiments:

1. Write a program to delete a node from a given Binary search tree
2. Write a program to perform Graph Traversals

TOTAL : 75 PERIODS**COURSE OUTCOMES:**

Upon Completion of the course, the students will be able to

- analyze algorithms and determines their time complexity.
- understand the concepts of data types, data structures and linear structures
- apply data structures to solve various problems
- apply different Sorting, Searching and Hashing algorithms.
- understand non-linear data structures

REFERENCES

1. Anany Levitin “Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms” 3rd Edition, Pearson Education
2. A.K. Sharma, “Data Structures using C”, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education Asia, 2013
3. E. Horowitz, Anderson-Freed and S.Sahni, “Fundamentals of Data structures in C”, 2nd Edition, University Press, 2007
4. E.Balagursamy, “Data Structures using C”, Tata McGraw Hill 2015 Reprint
5. Mark Allen Weiss, “Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C”, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, India, 2016
6. Jean Paul Tremblay and Paul G. Sorensen, “An Introduction to Data Structures with Applications”, 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2017.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basic concepts of problem solving approaches and to develop the algorithms
- Apply the techniques of structured (functional) decomposition to break a program into smaller pieces and describe the mechanics of parameter passing.
- To design, implements, test, and apply the basic C programming concepts

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER PROBLEM SOLVING 9

Introduction – The Problem Solving aspect – Top down design – Implementation of algorithm – Program Verification – The efficiency of algorithms – The analysis of algorithms – Fundamental Algorithms

UNIT II PROGRAMMING AND ALGORITHMS 9

Programs and Programming – building blocks for simple programs -pseudo code representation – flow charts - Programming Languages - compiler –Interpreter, Loader and Linker - Program execution – Classification of Programming Language - Structured Programming Concept – Illustrated Problems: Algorithm to check whether a given number is Armstrong number or not- Find factorial of a number

UNIT III BASICS OF 'C', INPUT / OUTPUT & CONTROL STATEMENTS 9 +10

Introduction- Identifier – Keywords - Variables – Constants – I/O Statements - Operators - Initialization – Expressions – Expression Evaluation – Lvalues and Rvalues – Type Conversion in C –Formatted input and output functions - Specifying Test Condition for Selection and Iteration- Conditional Execution - and Selection – Iteration and Repetitive Execution- go to Statement – Nested Loops- Continue and break statements.

Lab Experiments:

1. Write programs to get some input , perform some operation and display the output using I/O statements
2. Write a program to execute some specific statements based on the test condition
3. Write programs to implement nested loop

UNIT IV ARRAYS, STRINGS, FUNCTIONS AND POINTERS 9 +10

Array – One dimensional Character Arrays- Multidimensional Arrays- Arrays of Strings – Two dimensional character array – functions - parameter passing mechanism scope – storage classes – recursion - comparing iteration and recursion- pointers – pointer operators - uses of pointers- arrays and pointers – pointers and strings - pointer indirection pointers to functions - Dynamic memory allocation.

Lab Experiments

1. Write a program in C to get the largest element of an array using the function.
2. Display all prime numbers between two intervals using functions.
3. Reverse a sentence using recursion.
4. Write a C program to concatenate two strings

UNIT V USER-DEFINED DATATYPES & FILES 9 +10

Structures – initialization - nested structures – structures and arrays – structures and pointers - union– type def and enumeration types - bit fields - File Management in C – Files and Streams – File handling functions – Sequential access file- Random access file – Command line arguments.

Lab Experiments:

1. Write a C program to Store Student Information in Structure and Display it.
2. The annual examination is conducted for 10 students for five subjects.

- Write a program to read the data from a file and determine the following:
Total marks obtained by each student; Topper of the class

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- Able to design a computational solution for a given problem.
- Able to break a problem into logical modules that can be solved (programmed).
- Able to transform a problem solution into programs involving programming constructs.
- To write programs using structures, strings, arrays, pointers and files for solving complex computational problems.
- Able to introduce modularity using functions and pointers which permit ad hoc runtime polymorphism.

TOTAL : 75 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

- Deitel and Deitel, "C How to Program", Pearson Education. 2013, 7th Edition
- Byron S Gottfried, —Programming with C, Schaums Outlines, Second Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2006
- Brian W. Kernighan and Dennis M. Ritchie, "The C programming Language", Edition? 2nd edition 2015, Pearson Education India
- How to solve it by Computer, R. G. Dromey, Pearson education, Fifth Edition, 2007
- Kamthane, A.N., "Programming with ANSI and Turbo C", Pearson Education, Delhi, 3rd Edition, 2015
- PradipDey, ManasGhosh, —Computer Fundamentals and Programming in C, Second Edition, Oxford University Press, 2013.

BX4003	INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER ORGANIZATION AND OPERATING SYSTEM	L T P C 3 0 0 3
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COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the basic structure and operations of a computer.
- To learn the arithmetic and logic unit and implementation of fixed-point and floating point arithmetic unit.
- To understand the memory hierarchies, cache memories and virtual memories and to learn the different ways of communication with I/O devices.
- To understand the basic concepts and functions of Operating Systems
- To understand Process and various Scheduling Algorithms of OS

UNIT I	BASIC STRUCTURE AND ARITHMETIC OPERATIONS	9
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.Functional Units – Basic Operational Concepts – Instructions: Language of the Computer – Operations, Operands – Instruction representation – Logical operations – Decision Making – MIPS Addressing-Arithmetic for Computers

UNIT II	PROCESSOR AND CONTROL UNIT	9
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A Basic MIPS implementation – Building a Datapath – Control Implementation Scheme – Pipelining – Pipelined datapath and control – Handling Data Hazards & Control Hazards – Exceptions.

UNIT III	MEMORY & I/O SYSTEMS	9
Memory Hierarchy - Memory technologies – cache memory – measuring and improving cache performance – virtual memory --Accessing I/O Devices – Interrupts – Direct Memory Access – Bus structure –Interface circuits – USB		
UNIT IV	OPERATING SYSTEMS OVERVIEW	9
Operating system overview-objectives and functions, Evolution of Operating System- Operating System Structure - System Calls- Processes – Process Concept, Inter-process Communication		
UNIT V	PROCESS MANAGEMENT	9
CPU Scheduling – Scheduling criteria, Scheduling algorithms, Multiple-processor scheduling, Threads Overview– The critical-section problem, Semaphores, Classical problems of synchronization, Critical regions		

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On Completion of the course, the students should be able to:

- Understand the basics structure of computers, operations and instructions.
- Design arithmetic and logic unit, control unit.
- Understand the various memory systems and I/O communication.
- Understand operating system functions, types, system calls
- Analyze Process and various scheduling algorithms

REFERENCES:

1. David A. Patterson and John L. Hennessy, Computer Organization and Design: The Hardware/Software Interface, Fifth Edition, Morgan Kaufmann / Elsevier
2. Carl Hamacher, Zvonko Vranesic, Safwat Zaky and Naraig Manjikian, Computer Organization and Embedded Systems, Sixth Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2012
3. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin and Greg Gagne - Operating System Concepts, 9th Edition, John Wiley and Sons Inc., 2012.
4. John P. Hayes, Computer Architecture and Organization, Third Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2012
5. John L. Hennessey and David A. Patterson, Computer Architecture – A Quantitative Approach, Morgan Kaufmann / Elsevier Publishers, Fifth Edition, 2012.
6. Andrew S. Tanenbaum - Modern Operating Systems, 4th Edition, Pearson Education, 2014.

BX4004

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

L T P C
3 0 2 4

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the fundamentals of data models and conceptualize and depict a database system using ER diagram.
- To make a study of SQL and relational database design.
- To know about data storage techniques and query processing.
- To impart knowledge in transaction processing, concurrency control techniques and recovery procedures.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

File systems versus Database systems – Data Models – DBMS Architecture – Data Independence – Data Modeling using Entity – Relationship Model –E-R Modeling.

UNIT II RELATIONAL MODEL AND QUERY EVALUATION 9

Relational Model Concepts – Relational Algebra – SQL – Basic Queries – Complex SQL Queries – Views – Constraints

UNIT III DATABASE DESIGN & APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT 9

Functional Dependencies – Non-loss Decomposition – First, Second, Third Normal Forms, Dependency Preservation – Boyce/Codd Normal Form – Multi-valued Dependencies and Fourth Normal Form – Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form.

UNIT IV TRANSACTION PROCESSING 9

Query Processing-Transaction Processing – Properties of Transactions - Serializability – Transaction support in SQL - Locking Techniques –Validation Techniques — Recovery concepts – Shadow paging – Log Based Recovery.

UNIT V FILES AND INDEXING 9

File operations – Hashing Techniques – Indexing – Single level and Multi-level Indexes – B+ tree – Static Hashing

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

Data Definition Commands to create, describe, alter, rename, drop and truncate the tables

1. Data Manipulation Commands for inserting, deleting, updating and retrieving in Tables
2. Transaction Control Language Commands like Commit, Rollback and Save Point
3. Illustrate the statements to create index and drop index
4. Perform database querying using simple query, nested query, subquery and join operations
5. Create a PL/SQL block to implement implicit and explicit cursors
6. Create a PL/SQL block to implement procedures and functions
7. Create a PL/SQL block to execute triggers
8. Execute a procedure which handles exception using PL/SQL
9. Create a embedded PL/SQL block to connect with any host language like 'C'

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon Completion of the course, the students will be able to

- Understand the basic concepts of the database and data models.
- Design a database using ER diagrams and map ER into Relations and normalize the relations
- Acquire the knowledge of query evaluation to monitor the performance of the DBMS.
- Develop a simple database applications using normalization.
- Acquire the knowledge about different special purpose databases and to critique how they differ from traditional database systems.

TOTAL : 75 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F.Korth and S.Sundarshan "Database System Concepts", Seventh Edition, McGraw Hill, 2017.
2. Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant Navathe, "Fundamentals of Database Systems", Seventh Edition, Pearson Education Delhi, 2017
3. RaghuRamakrishnan, —Database Management SystemsII, Fourth Edition, McGrawHill College Publications, 2015.
4. Lee Chao, "Database Development and Management", Auerbach Publications, 1st edition, 2010
5. Carlos Coronel, Peter Rob, and Stephen Morris, "Database Principles Fundamentals of Design, Implementation, and Management –10th Edition", Course Technology, Cengage Learning, 2013
6. C.J. Date, "An Introduction to Database Systems", Eighth Edition, Pearson Education Delhi, 2003

BX4005 MATHEMATICAL FOUNDATIONS OF COMPUTER SCIENCE

L T P C
3 0 0 3

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce Mathematical Logic and their rules for validating arguments and programmes.
- To introduce counting principles for solving combinatorial problems.
- To give exposure to Graph models and their utility in connectivity problems.
- To introduce abstract notion of Algebraic structures for studying cryptographic and its related areas.
- To introduce Boolean algebra as a special algebraic structure for understanding logical circuit problems.

UNIT I LOGIC AND PROOFS

9

Propositional Logic – Propositional Equivalences – Predicates and Quantifiers – Nested Quantifiers – Rules of Inference – Introduction to Proofs – Proof Methods and Strategy.

UNIT II COMBINATORICS

9

Mathematical Induction – Strong Induction and Well Ordering – The Basics of Counting - The Pigeonhole Principle – Permutations and Combinations – Recurrence Relations Solving Linear Recurrence Relations Using Generating Functions – Inclusion – Exclusion – Principle and Its Applications

UNIT III GRAPHS

9

Graphs and Graph Models – Graph Terminology and Special Types of Graphs – Matrix Representation of Graphs and Graph Isomorphism – Connectivity – Euler and Hamilton Paths.

UNIT VI ALGEBRAIC STRUCTURES

9

Groups – Subgroups – Homomorphisms – Normal Subgroup and Coset – Lagrange's Theorem – Definitions and Examples of Rings and Fields.

